



DirSync Pro Manual

v. 1.45

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1 Disclaimer and License

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By using the program you confirm to accept the above terms and the license terms.

The full text of the License is included at the end of this document.

2 What is DirSync Pro?

DirSync Pro is a small, but powerful utility for file and folder synchronization. DirSync Pro can be used to synchronize the content of one or many folders recursively.

Using DirSync Pro you can make incremental backups. In this way you'll spare lots of time because you don't have to copy all the files each time you want to update your backup; only new/modified/larger files would be copied.

Use DirSync Pro to easily synchronize files from your desktop PC to your USB-stick (PDA, Notebook, ...). Use this USB-stick (PDA, Notebook, ...) to synchronize files to another desktop PC.

Unlike many other synchronization software, DirSync Pro is Open Source; it is 100% free of charge, 100% free of commercial text, 100% free of advertisements and 100% free of spyware. You can use it as long as you like, without any limitations in time or functionality. You can freely distribute it according to GPL3.

DirSync Pro is programmed completely in platform independent Java™ so it can be run under nearly every modern operating system including Windows™, Linux™ and Macintosh™.

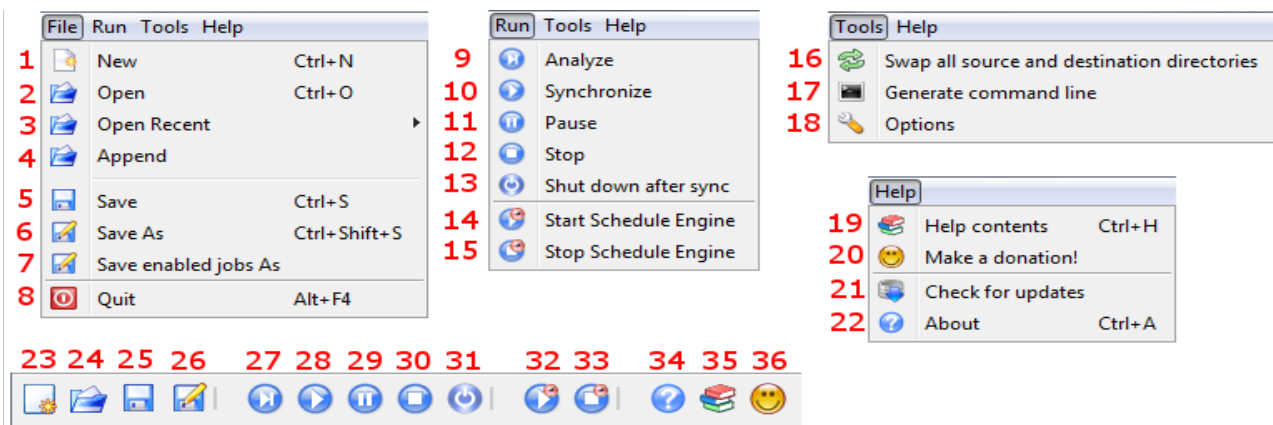
DirSync Pro has a user-friendly User Interface which helps you configure many options to your needs. You can use DirSync Pro also through the command line which makes it very flexible for running in batches.

DirSync Pro has a powerful schedule engine which lets you schedule synchronization tasks on many different ways, minutely, hourly, daily, weekly and monthly. Advanced users may use tons of options available in DirSync Pro to suit the synchronization behavior in details. DirSync Pro has many logging facilities which let you create detailed logs even per job.

3 User Interface

Synchronize can be configured via a GUI. You can use the GUI to execute a synchronization, or you can use the GUI to create a jobset file and run the synchronization in console mode.

3.1 Menu and Toolbar



1. Create a **New** jobset.
2. **Open** an existing jobset.
3. **Open Recently** loaded jobsets.
4. Load and **Append** a saved jobset to the current one.
5. **Save** the current jobset.
6. **Save** the current jobset **As** a new file.
7. **Save** the **enabled jobs As** a new file.
8. **Quit** the program.
9. Start to **Analyze** the jobs. No synchronization will be carried out. The jobs should always be analyzed before synchronization.
10. Start to **Synchronize** the jobs. If not analyzed yet, DirSync Pro will initiate *Analyze* first.
11. **Pause** analyzing/synchronizing. If a file is being copied, the program pauses after the copy process is carried out.
12. **Stop** analyzing/synchronizing. If a file is being copied, the program stops after the copy process is carried out.
13. **Shut down** the system **after** the **synchronization** is carried out. If you use this command, DirSync Pro will opens a count-down dialog for 30 seconds after which the system will shut down.

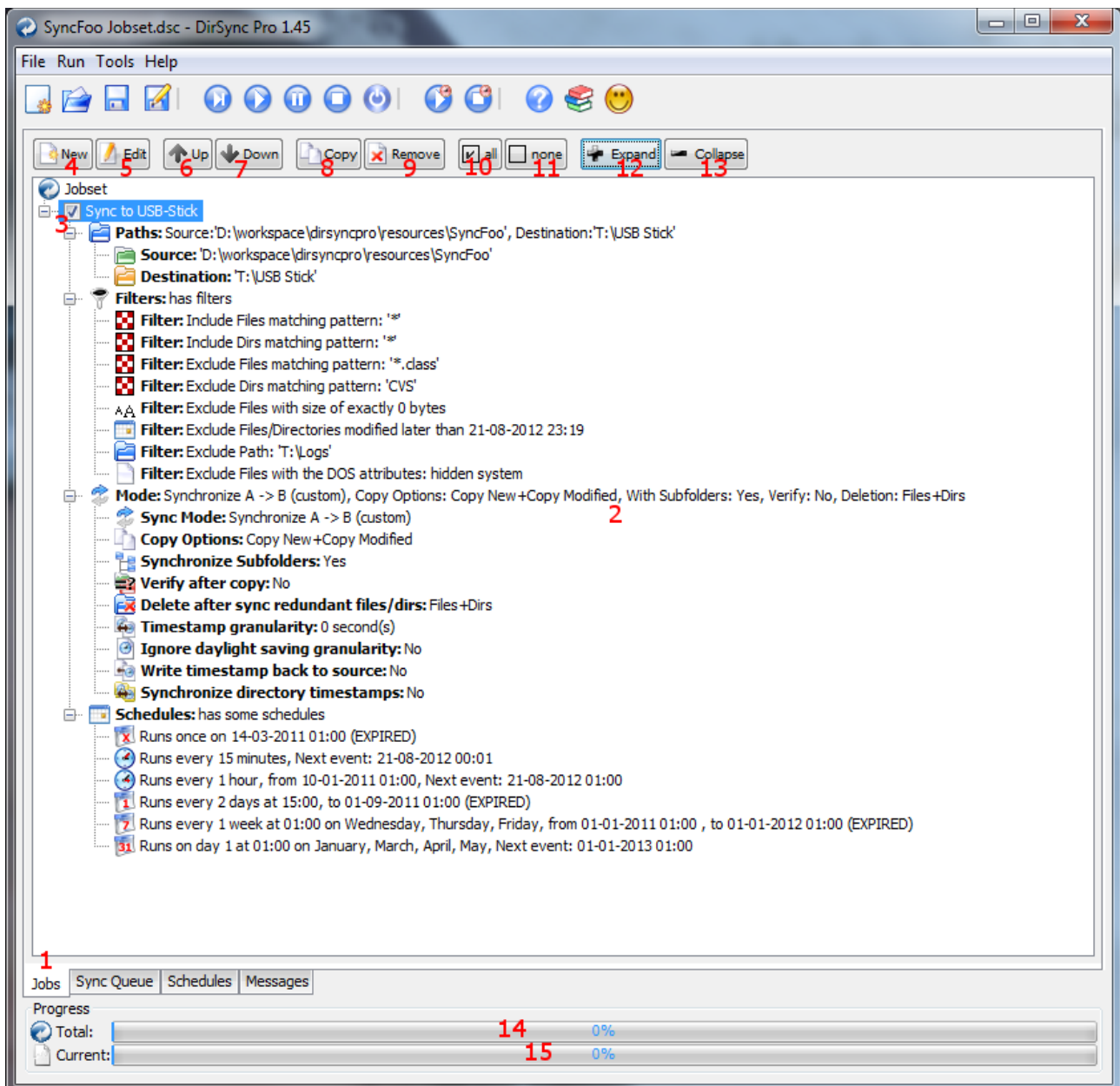


14. **Start** the Synchronization Engine.

15. **Stop** the Synchronization Engine.
16. **Swap** the paths of **source and destination directories** in **all** jobs.
17. Open the **Generate command line** window which lets you create a batch command or batch file to run DirSync Pro in a batch.
18. Open the **Options** window.
19. Display **Help contents** for DirSync Pro.
20. Start the default internet browser and goes to the Donation page to **Make a Donation**.
21. **Check for** program **updates** if available.
22. Display information **About** DirSync Pro.
23. New jobset short-cut.
24. Open jobset short-cut.
25. Save jobset short-cut.
26. Save jobset As short-cut.
27. Analyze short-cut.
28. Synchronize short-cut.
29. Pause Analyze/Synchronize short-cut.
30. Stop Analyze/Synchronize short-cut.
31. Start the Schedule Engine short-cut.
32. Shut down the system after the synchronization is carried out.
33. Stop the Schedule Engine short-cut.
34. About short-cut.
35. Help contents short-cut.
36. Make a Donation short-cut.

3.2 Main Window

3.2.1 Job Tree



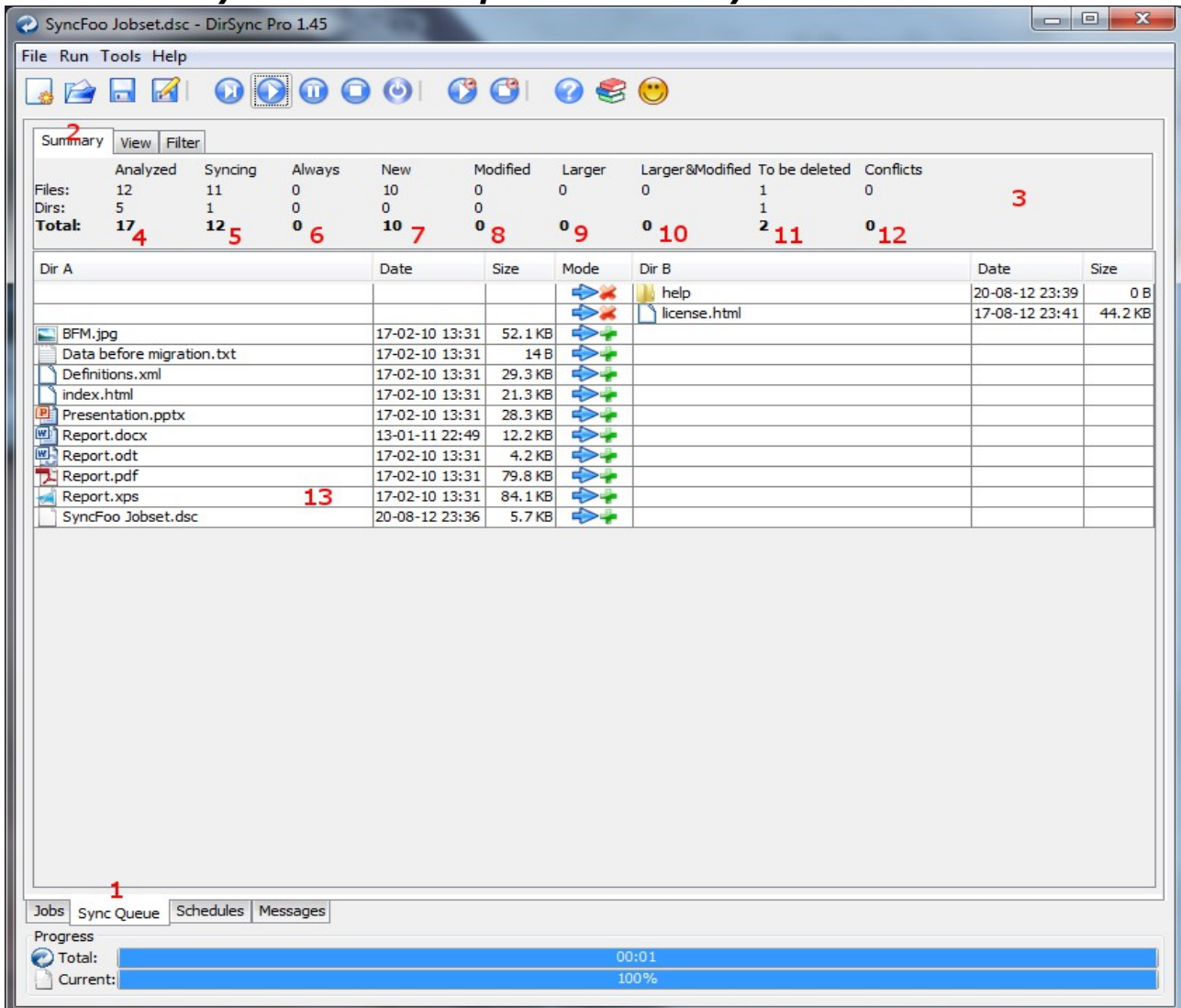
1. The **Jobs** tab: shows the configured jobs in a visual tree.
2. The **Job tree**: shows the details of the configured jobs.
3. **Enable/Disable** check box: to enable or disable a job for synchronization. Only the enabled directories get synchronized.
4. **Add** a new job to the tree.
5. **Edit** the selected job. This opens the Job Edit dialog for the selected job.
6. **Move** the selected job **Up**. The jobs are synchronized from top to

down. Upper jobs get synchronized first.

7. **Move** the selected job **Down**. The jobs are synchronized from top to down. Upper jobs get synchronized first.
8. **Copy** the selected job.
9. **Remove** the selected job.
10. Enable **All** jobs.
11. Disable all jobs (**None** enabled).
12. **Expand** the job tree one level. This opens up the tree for one level. Clicking it once more, will expand the tree another level.
13. **Collapse** the job tree.
14. The **Total** progress of the overall synchronization. During the synchronization this bar shows also the elapsed and remaining time.
15. The progress of the synchronization of the **Current** item. During the analyze process, this bar shows the steps being carried out. During the synchronization this bar shows also the name of the file/directory being synchronized.

3.2.2 Synchronization queue

3.2.2.1 Synchronization queue: Summary tab

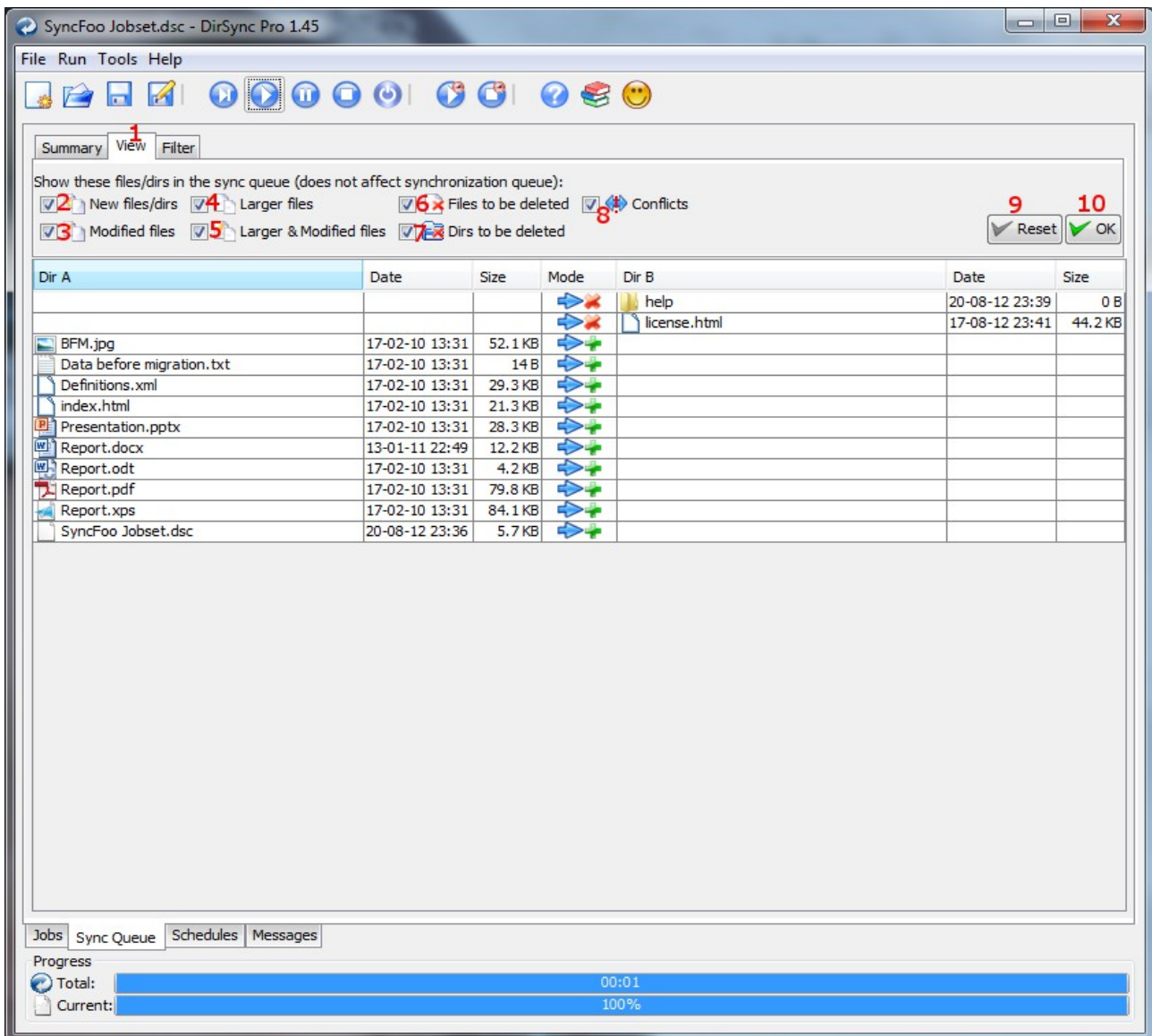


1. The **Sync Queue** tab: shows the synchronization queue. You'll see here all the files which are going to be synchronized.
2. The **Summary** tab: shows some statistics about the synchronization: number of Analyzed files/directories, number of files/directories to be synchronized, number of New files/directories, number of Modified files, number of Larger files, number of files which are Larger and modified and number of files/directories to be deleted.
3. The **statistics** of the current synchronization.
4. The number of **Analyzed** files/directories.
5. The number of files/directories To be **Synchronized**.
6. The number of files/directories To be copied **Always**.
7. The number of **New** files/directories.

8. The number of **Modified** files/directories.
9. The number of **Larger** files.
10. The number of **Larger AND modified** files.
11. The number of files/directories To be **Deleted**.
12. The number of files/directories which are involved in a synchronization conflict.
13. The **Synchronization Queue** list which shows the file names, modification dates and sizes of the files in Directory A and Directory B.

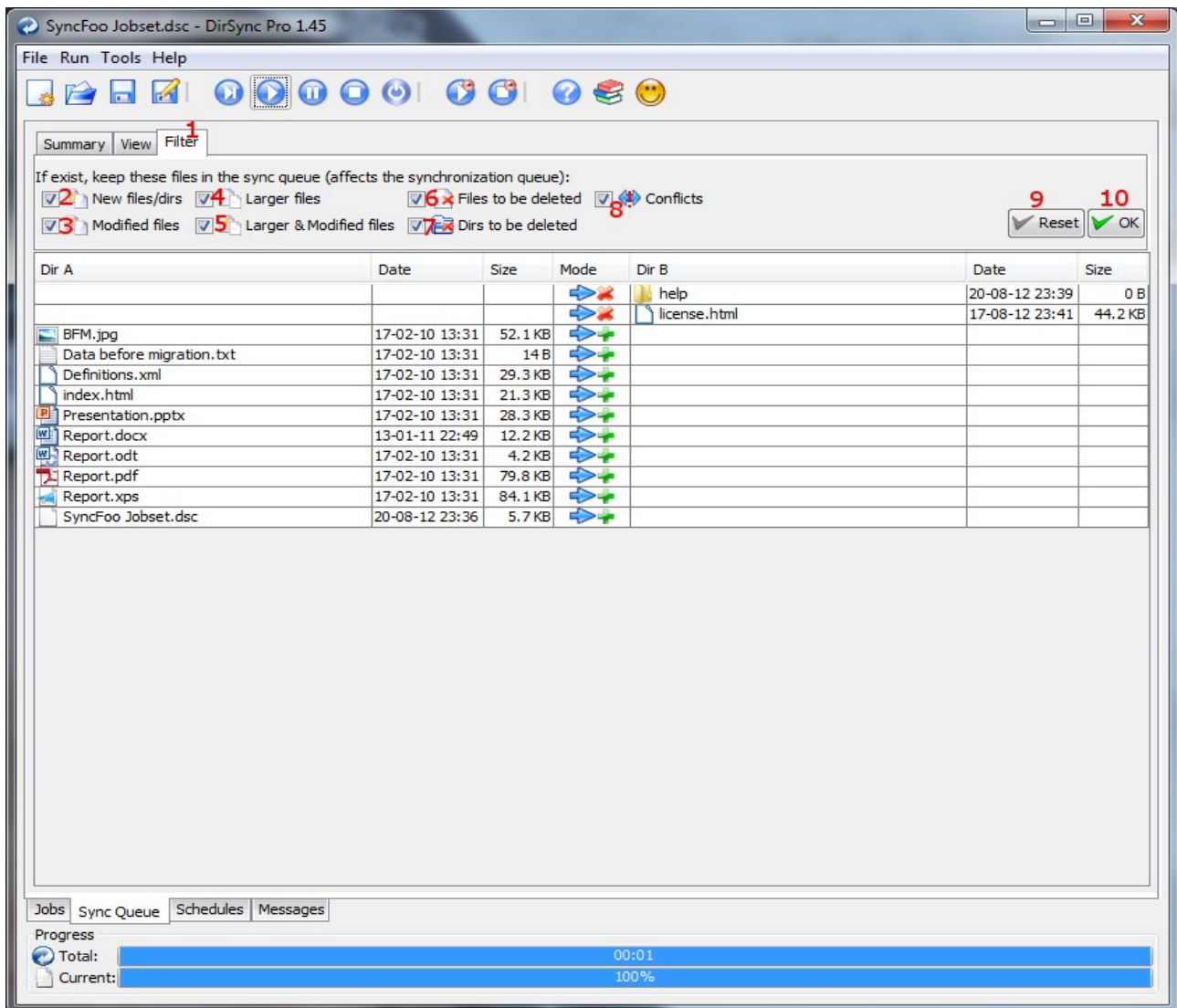
By right clicking a record in the synchronization queue, you get a context-aware menu with which you may manipulate the synchronization queue.

3.2.2.2 Synchronization queue: View tab



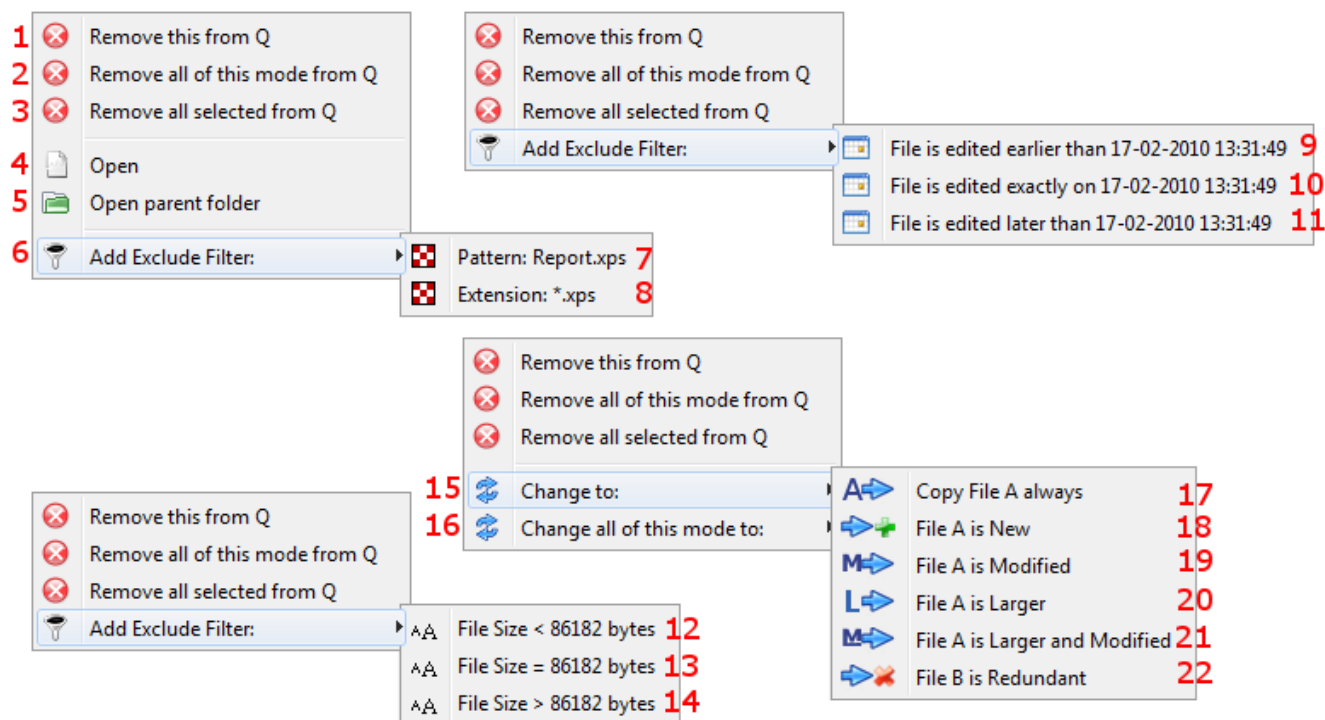
1. The **View** tab: allows filtering the view of the synchronization. This filter does not affect the synchronization queue. It only affects files/directories currently being shown.
2. Show **New** files/dirs.
3. Show **Modified** files.
4. Show **Larger** files.
5. Show **Larger & Modified** files.
6. Show **Files** to be deleted.
7. Show **Dirs** to be deleted.
8. Show **Conflict** items
9. **Reset** the view filters.
10. Apply (**OK**) the filters.

3.2.2.3 Synchronization queue: Filter tab



1. The **Filter** tab: allows filtering the synchronization queue. This helps you to make a selection of files to be synchronized. This filter does affect the synchronization queue. Only the files that remain in the queue are synchronized during the synchronization process.
2. Show **New** files/dirs.
3. Show **Modified** files.
4. Show **Larger** files.
5. Show **Larger & Modified** files.
6. Show **Files** to be deleted.
7. Show **Dirs** to be deleted.
8. **Reset** the view filters.
9. Show **Conflict** items
10. Apply (**OK**) the filters.

3.2.2.4 Right mouse click context menu



If you right mouse click an entry in the synchronization queue, a context menu appears in which you always may:

1. **Remove this** entry **from** the **synchronization queue** (not from the file system). This means that the corresponding file pair will not be synchronized.
2. **Remove all of this mode from** the **synchronization queue**, which means all the entry of which the synchronization mode is the same as the selected entry, will be removed from the synchronization queue (not from the file system) and so will not be synchronized.
3. **Remove all selected from** the **synchronization queue**, which means all selected (highlighted) entries will be removed from the synchronization queue (not from the file system) and so will not be synchronized. In the synchronization queue you may select multiple entries using the CTRL and/or SHIFT key in combination with left mouse click.

Additionally, depending on which column you right click, some other options will appear.

If you right click on the name of a folder or a file, you may:

4. **Open** the file/directory in the system file explorer. If the file is associated with an application, the file is then opened in the regarding application.
5. **Open the parent folder** of a file in the system file explorer.

If you right click on the name/date/size of a file/directory, you'll get a submenu:

14. **Add Exclude Filter** with which you may quickly add a context-

aware filter. The filter dialog will then open automatically in which you may fine-tune the filter.

This context-aware filter holds various options based on the data of the selected file/directory. If you right click the name of a file/directory, you may:

7. Add a **Pattern** filter based on the name of the file/directory. After the filter dialog has appeared, you may fine-tune the pattern manually.
8. Add a **Pattern** based on the file **Extension**. Again, you may fine-tune the filter in the filter dialog which opens automatically.

If you right click on the modification date of a file, the context-aware **Add Exclude Filter** lets you:

9. Add a date filter for files having earlier (<) modification date than the selected file size.
10. Add a date filter for files having exactly same (=) modification date as the selected file size.
11. Add a date filter for files having later (>) modification date than the selected file size.

If you right click on the file size of a file, the context-aware **Add Exclude Filter** lets you:

12. Add a file size filter for files having smaller (<) size than the selected file size.
13. Add a file size filter for files having exactly same (=) size as the selected file size.
14. Add a file size filter for files having larger (>) size than the selected file size.

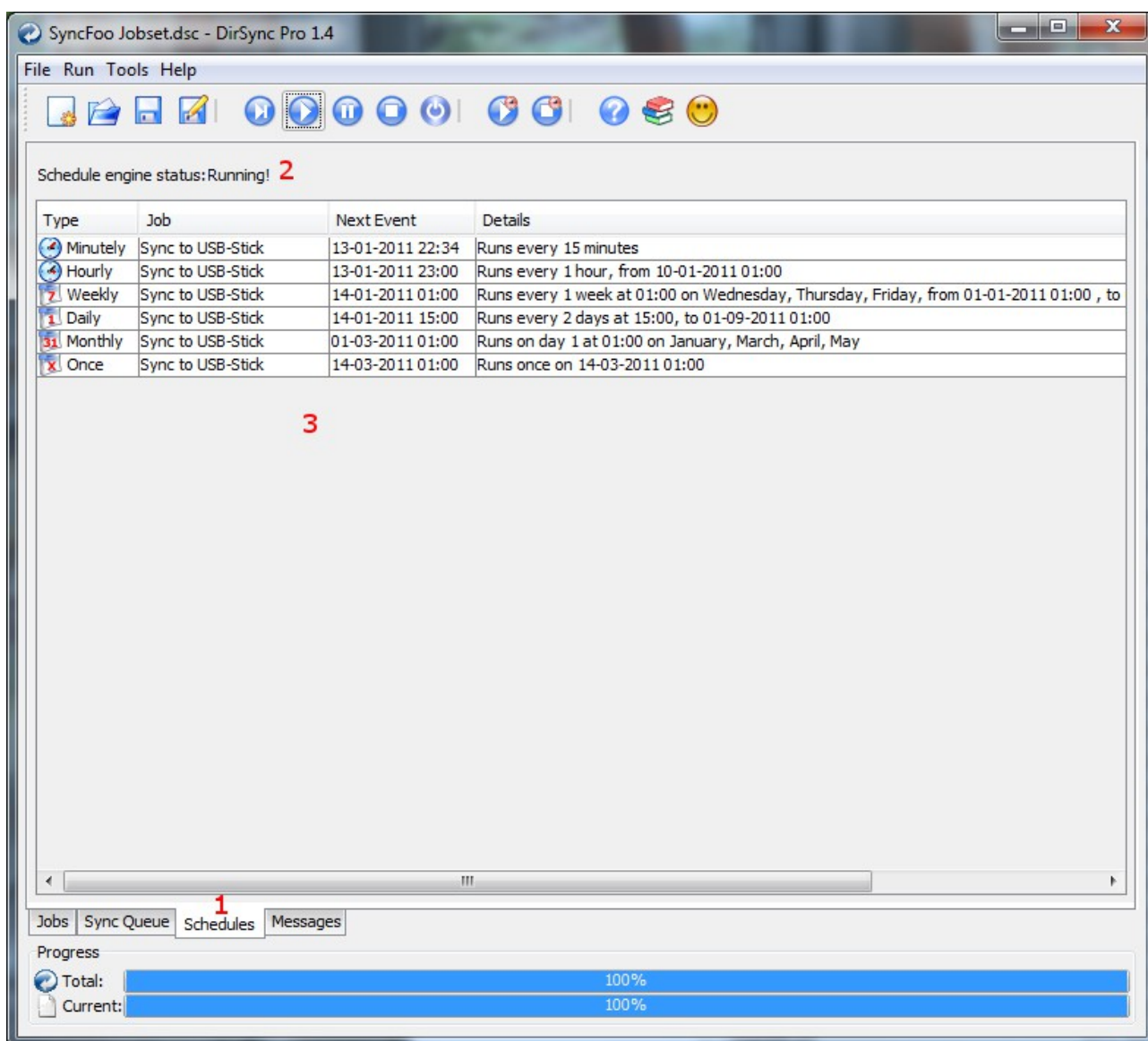
If you right click on the synchronization mode, you'll get two submenu's:

15. **Change to:** which lets you change the mode of the selected synchronization item to another mode.
16. **Change all of this mode to:** which lets you change the mode of all the synchronization items with the same mode to another mode.

You may change the mode to:

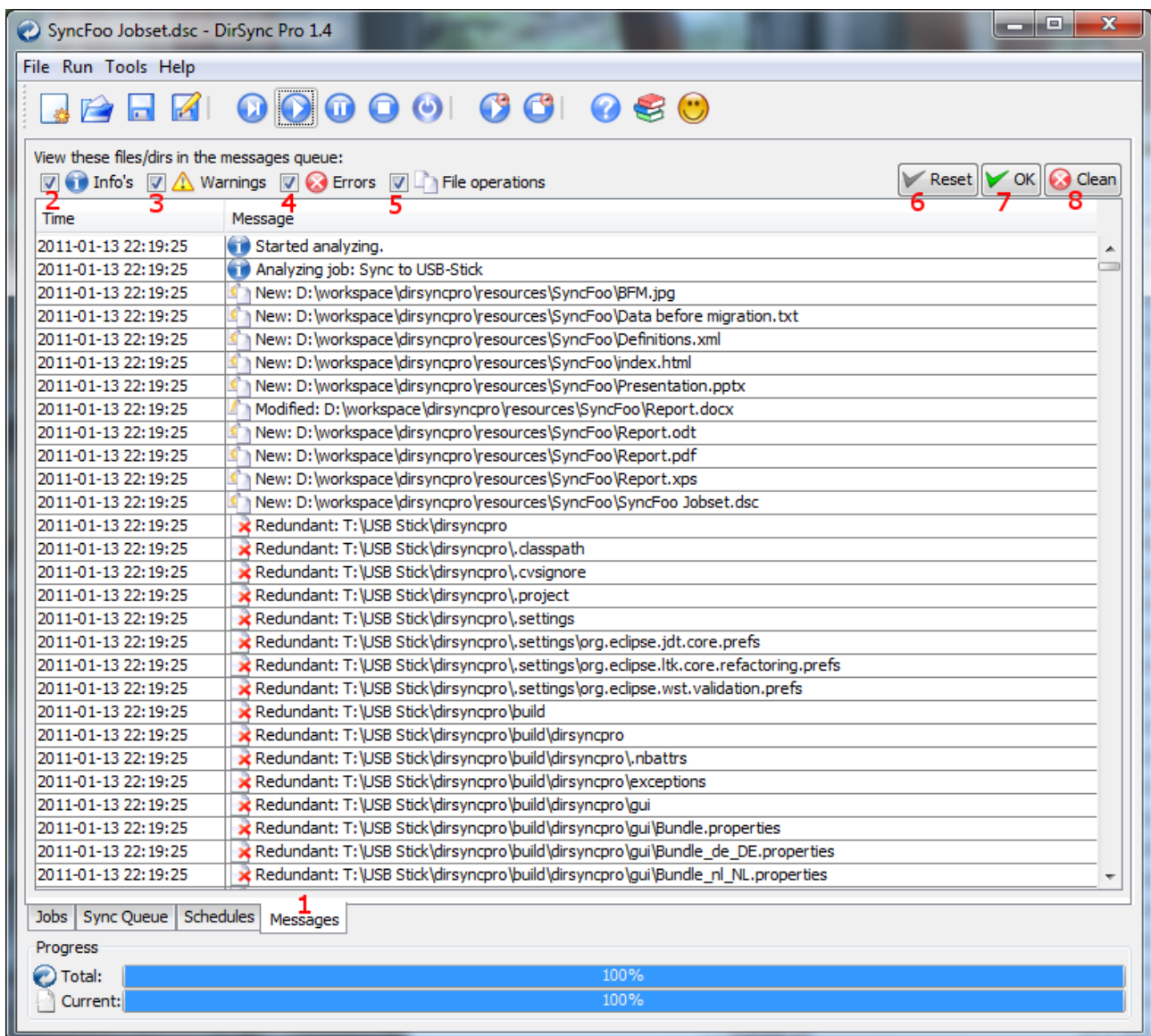
17. Copy File A Always
18. File A is New
19. File A is modified
20. File A is Larger
21. File A is Larger and Modified
22. File B is redundant

3.2.3 Schedule queue



1. The **Schedule** tab: shows the scheduled synchronization tasks.
2. **Schedule Engine Status** line shows whether the synchronization engine is **Running** or **Not**.
3. The schedule table shows all the scheduled tasks. For each task the following information is shown:
 1. Type of the scheduled task (Once, Minutely, Hourly, Daily, Weekly and Monthly).
 2. The job the scheduled task belong to.
 3. The next following event (date/time) when the scheduled is being run.
 4. Details of the scheduled task.

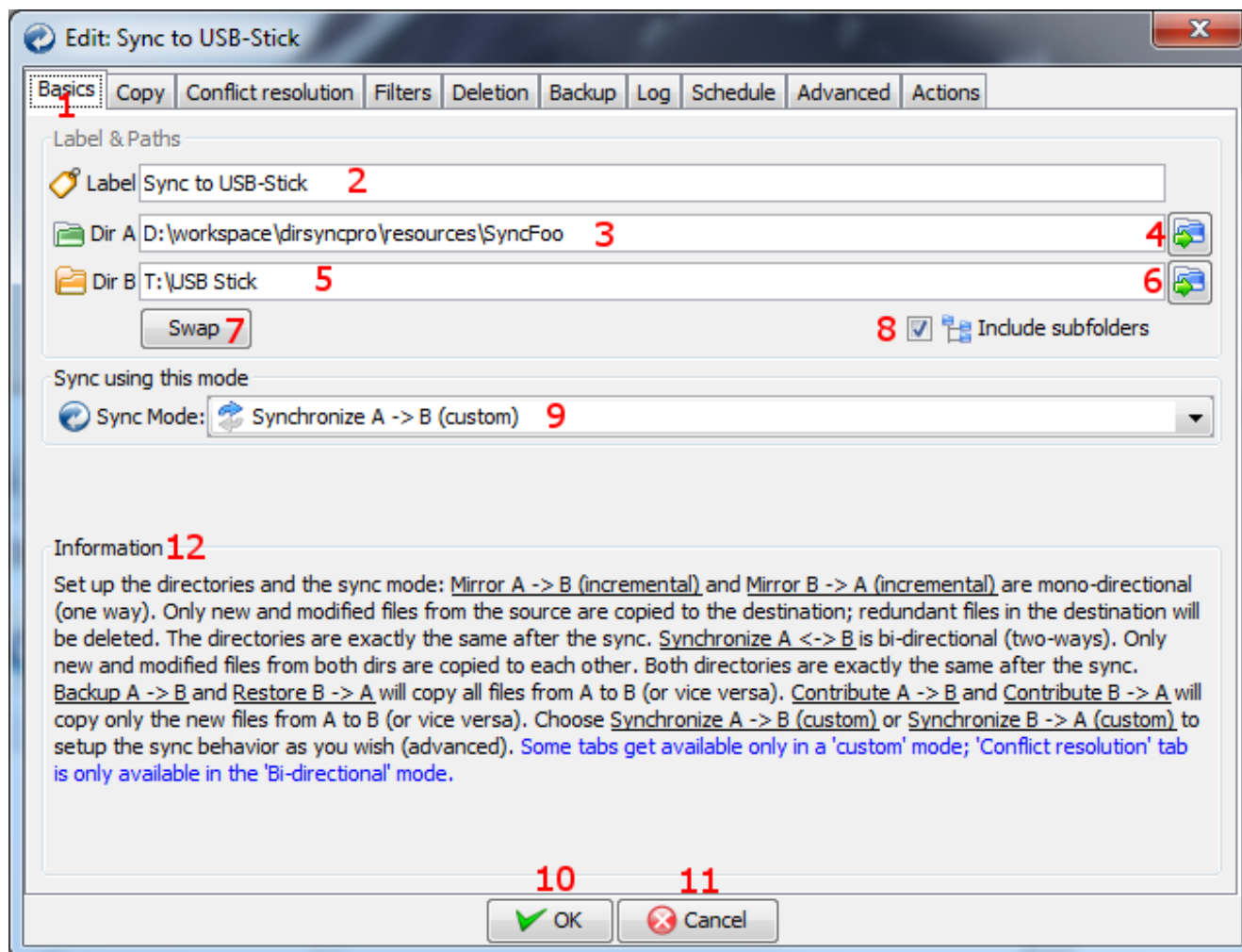
3.2.4 Messages



1. The **Messages** tab: shows the messages being created during the analysis and synchronization process.
2. Allows filtering the **Info** messages.
3. Allows filtering the **Warning** messages.
4. Allows filtering the **Error** messages.
5. Allows filtering the **File** operations.
6. **Reset** the view filters.
7. Apply (**OK**) the filters.
8. **Clean** the Messages list.

3.3 Job options

3.3.1 Basic options



1. The **Basics** tab: shows basic configuration of the job.
2. The **Label** of this job. The label is the name of the job. It is also used when to create the default log filename for this job.
3. The path to **Dir A** for this job. Here you specify the directory with the original files, also known as the source directory. You can specify here the following (case sensitive) wildcards:
<username> for the name of the current user, and
<userhome> for the home directory of the current user.
4. **Browse** for Dir A directory. **Important Note:** The Java Run-time Environment (JRE) which ships in recent Mac OSX's (like Lion) limits unfortunately the users access to other files/folders other than his/her personal files/folders. This limitation affects all Java applications (including DirSync Pro) which means no Java application can go beyond your personal files. We have no idea why Apple enforces this limitation to JRE for Mac users. The only way to eliminate this limitation is to install and use the original JRE from Sun/Oracle.

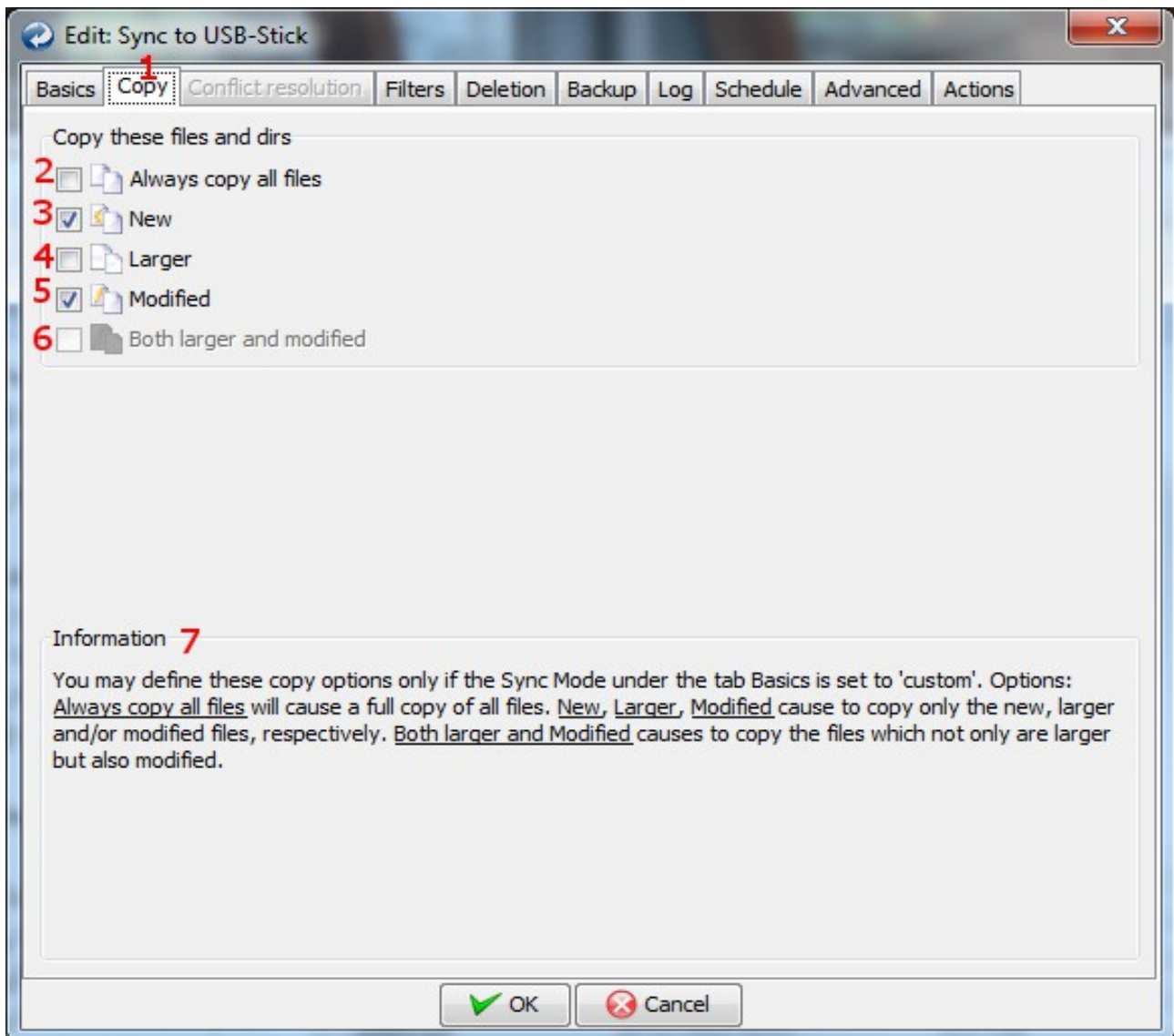
5. The path to **Dir B** for this job. Here you specify the directory which will be synchronized according to Dir A. This directory is also known as the destination directory. You can specify here the following (case sensitive) wildcards:
 - <date> for the current date, and
 - <DD> for the current day,
 - <MM> for the current month,
 - <YYYY> for the current year.
 - <time> for the current time, and
 - <hh> for the current hour,
 - <mm> for the current minute,
 - <ss> for the current second.
 - <username> for the name of the current user, and
 - <userhome> for the home directory of the current user.
6. **Browse** for Dir B directory.
7. **Swap** Dir A and Dir B.
8. **Includes subfolders** in this synchronization. Here you can decide whether you want to synchronize the content of the source directory including subfolders or not.
9. **Synchronization Mode** pull down. This pull down allows you to select pre-defined synchronization configurations or to define your own custom configuration. The options are:
 - **Mirror A -> B (incremental)**: This is a mono-directional (one way) preconfigured synchronization which copies all the new and modified files/directories from DirA to DirB. A file/directory in DirB which does not correspond to a file/directory in DirA is marked as redundant and will be deleted. DirB is exactly the same as DirA after the synchronization.
 - **Mirror B -> A (incremental)**: Same as 'Mirror A -> B (incremental)' with DirA and DirB swapped.
 - **Synchronize A <-> B (incremental)**: This is a bi-directional (two way) preconfigured synchronization which copies all the new and modified files/directories from DirA to DirB and from DirB to DirA. All redundant files in DirA/DirB (according to each other) will be deleted after the synchronization. DirA and DirB will be exactly the same after the synchronization. If you select this mode, you may also define the conflict resolution mode in the conflict resolution tab.
 - **Backup A -> B (full)**: This is a full copy preconfigured synchronization which will copy all files/directories one-by-one from DirA to DirB. This mode is useful when you want to make a complete back up of DirA.
 - **Restore B -> A (full)**: This is a full copy preconfigured

synchronization which will copy all files/directories one-by-one from DirB to DirA. This mode is useful when you want to restore a backup to DirA.

- **Contribute A -> B (incremental)**: This is a mono-directional (one way) preconfigured synchronization which copies all the new files/directories from DirA to DirB. No file is deleted from DirB in this mode.
 - **Contribute B -> A (incremental)**: Same as 'Contribute A -> B (incremental)' with DirA and DirB swapped.
 - **Synchronize A -> B (custom)**: This is a mono-directional (one way) custom synchronization from DirA to DirB. If you select this mode, some tabs get enabled in which you may set up your own options to define the synchronization behavior as you may wish.
 - **Synchronize A -> B (custom)**: Same as 'Synchronize A -> B (custom)' with DirA and DirB swapped.
 - Context **Information** about this tab.
10. **OK** button to save all the settings to the job.
11. **Cancel** button to ignore all changes.

Important note: Some tabs get only available only in a custom synchronization mode. 'Conflict Resolution tab' will only get available in a bi-directional synchronization.

3.3.2 Copy options



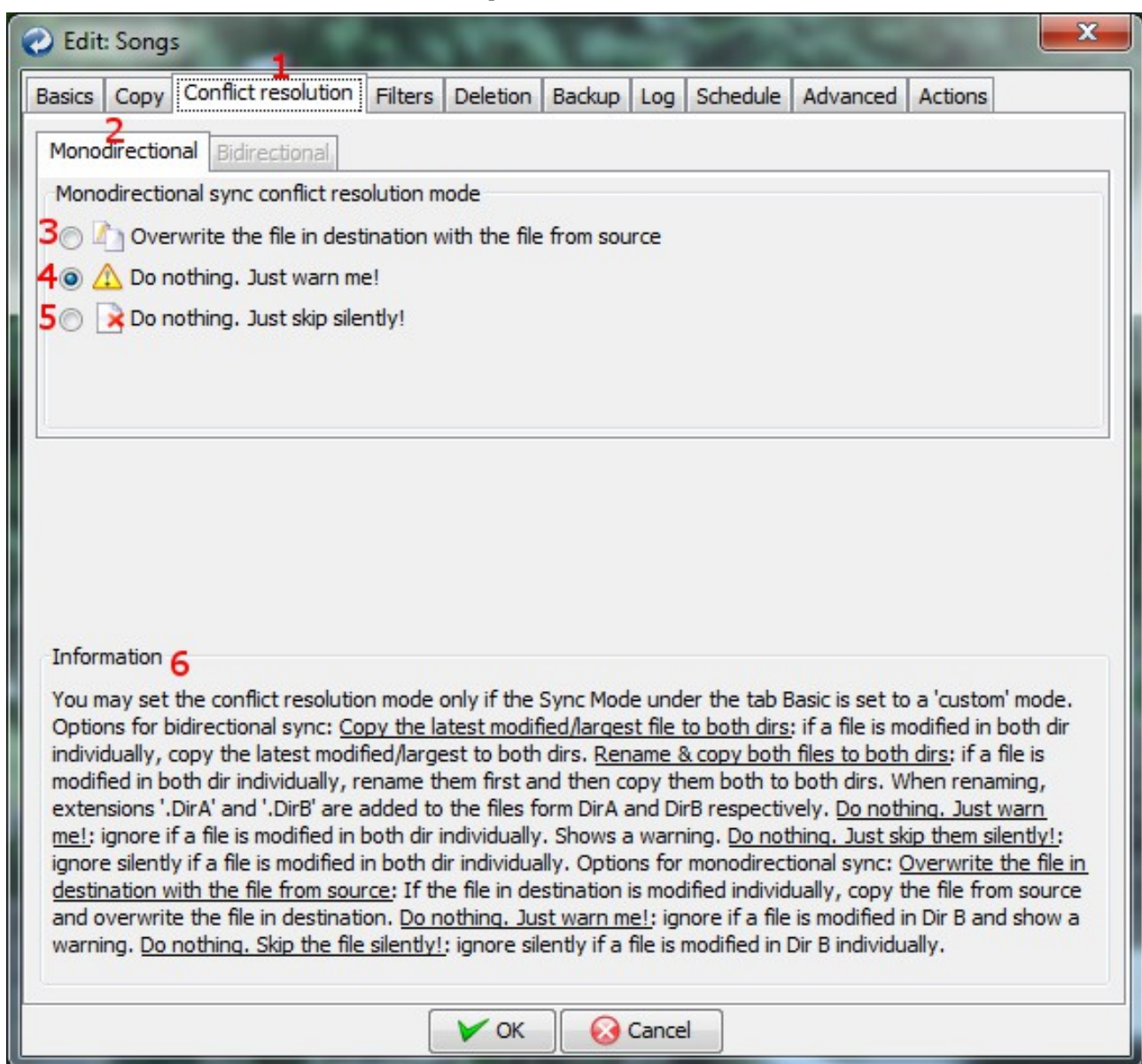
1. The **Copy** tab in which copy options are set.
2. Copies **All** files and directories. If a file already exists in the destination directory it will always be overwritten with that one from the source directory. If you specify this option, all other copy options will be ignored.
3. Copies only **New** (not existing in destination directory) files and directories. Files that exist in the source directory but not in the destination directory will be copied to the destination directory.
4. Copies only **Larger** files and directories. If there already is a file with the same name in the destination directory, it will only be overwritten with the file from the source directory if its size is smaller than the size of the original file in the source directory.
5. Copies only **Modified** files and directories. If there already is a file with the same name in the destination directory, it will only be overwritten

with the file from the source directory if its modified-date is older than the modified-date of the original file in the source directory.

6. Copies only **Larger AND Modified** files and directories. If there already is a file with the same name in the destination directory, it will only be overwritten with the file from the source directory if its size is smaller and its modified-date is older than the size and date of the original file in the source directory. If you specify the option 'Copy larger' or 'Copy modified', this option will be ignored (you already copied this files).
7. Context **Information** about this tab.

3.3.3 Conflict Resolution options

3.3.3.1 Mono-directional sync conflict resolution



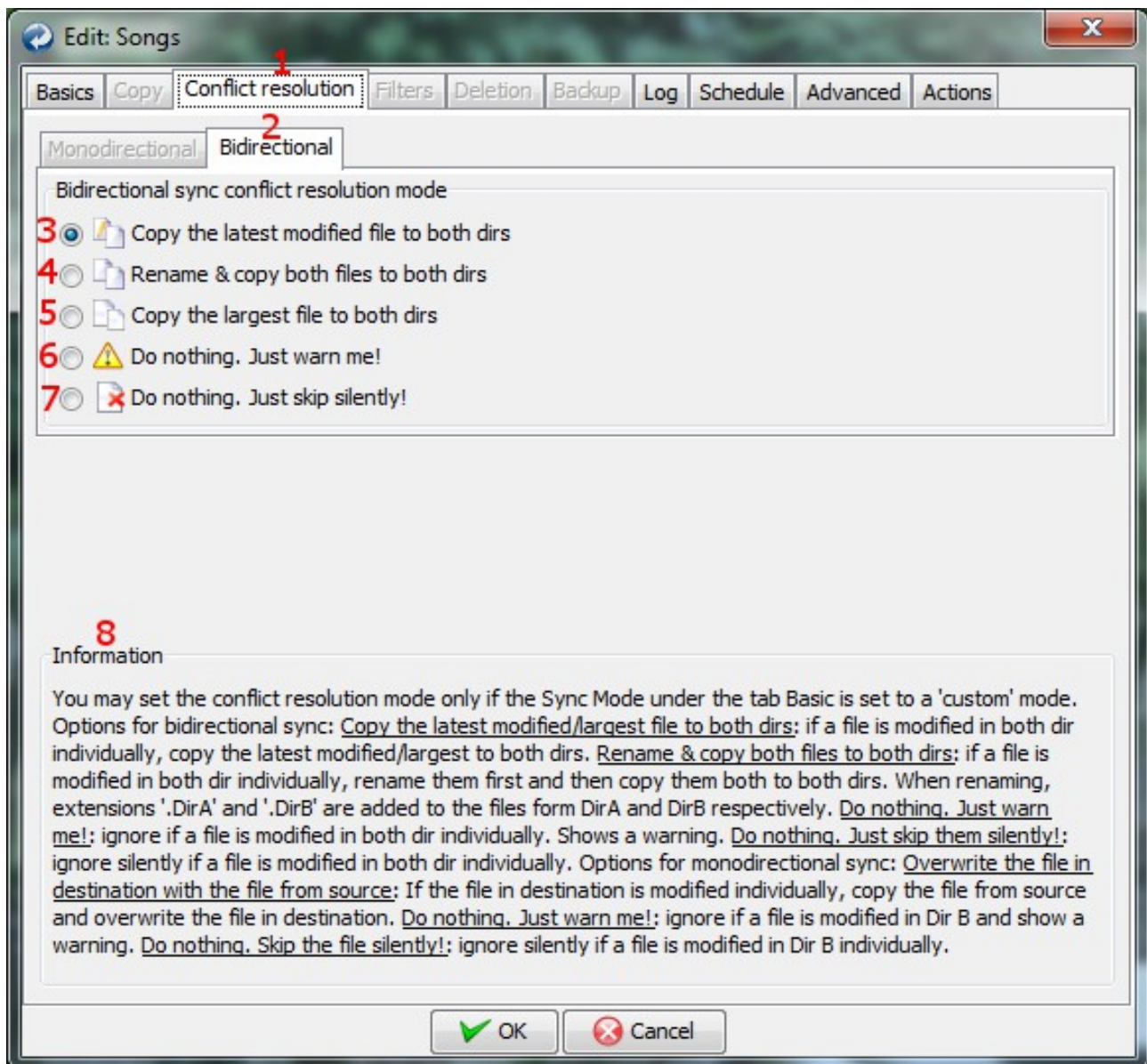
1. The **Conflict Resolution** tab: shows options when conflicts happens while using a mono-directional or bi-directional synchronization. You may

set these options only if the Sync Mode is set to bi-directional or a custom mode.

2. **Mono-directional** conflict resolution tab.

1. Mono-directional sync conflict resolution through **Overwriting the file in destination with the file from the source**: when synchronizing from mono-directional in a custom mode, if the file in destination is modified later (file is newer), the file from the source is copied over the file in destination; the file in destination will be overwritten.
2. No Mono-directional sync conflict resolution **Do nothing. Just warn me**: when synchronizing from mono-directional in a custom mode, if the file in destination is modified later (file is newer), nothing will be copied. Instead the user gets a warning and could fix the conflict manually.
3. No Mono-directional sync conflict resolution **Do nothing. Just skip silently**: when synchronizing from mono-directional in a custom mode, if the file in destination is modified later (file is newer), the file will be skipped silently.

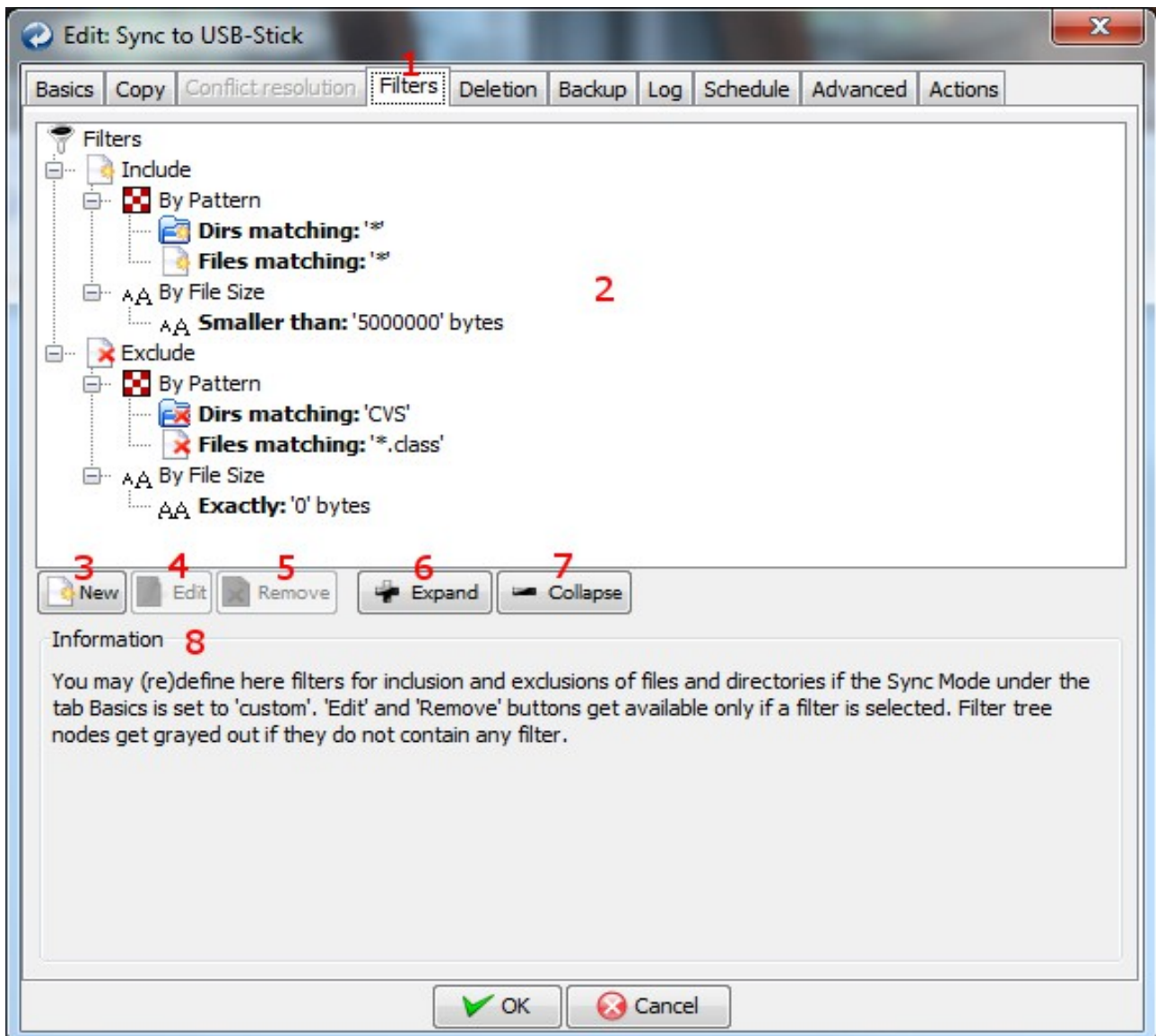
3.3.3.2 Bi-directional sync conflict resolution



1. The **Conflict Resolution** tab: shows options when conflicts happens while using a mono-directional or bi-directional synchronization. You may set these options only if the Sync Mode is set to bi-directional or a custom mode.
2. **Bi-directional** conflict resolution tab.
3. Bidirectional sync conflict resolution through **Copying the latest modified file to both directories**: when synchronizing bidirectionally, if two files are modified in both directories individually, the latest modified file will be copied to both directories.
4. Bidirectional sync conflict resolution through **copying the largest file to both directories**: when synchronizing bidirectionally, if two files are modified in both directories individually, the largest file will be copied to both directories.

5. Bidirectional sync conflict resolution through **renaming copying both files to both directories**: when synchronizing bidirectionally, if two files are modified in both directories individually, they are postfixed (renamed with added extensions .DirA and .DirB) and they both will be copied to both directories.
6. No Bidirectional sync conflict resolution **Do nothing. Just warn me**: when synchronizing bidirectionally, if two files are modified in both directories individually, none of the files are copied. Instead the user gets a warning and could fix the conflict manually.
7. No Bi-directional sync conflict resolution **Do nothing. Just skip silently**: when synchronizing bidirectionally, if two files are modified in both directories individually, the files will be skipped silently.
8. Context **Information** about this tab.

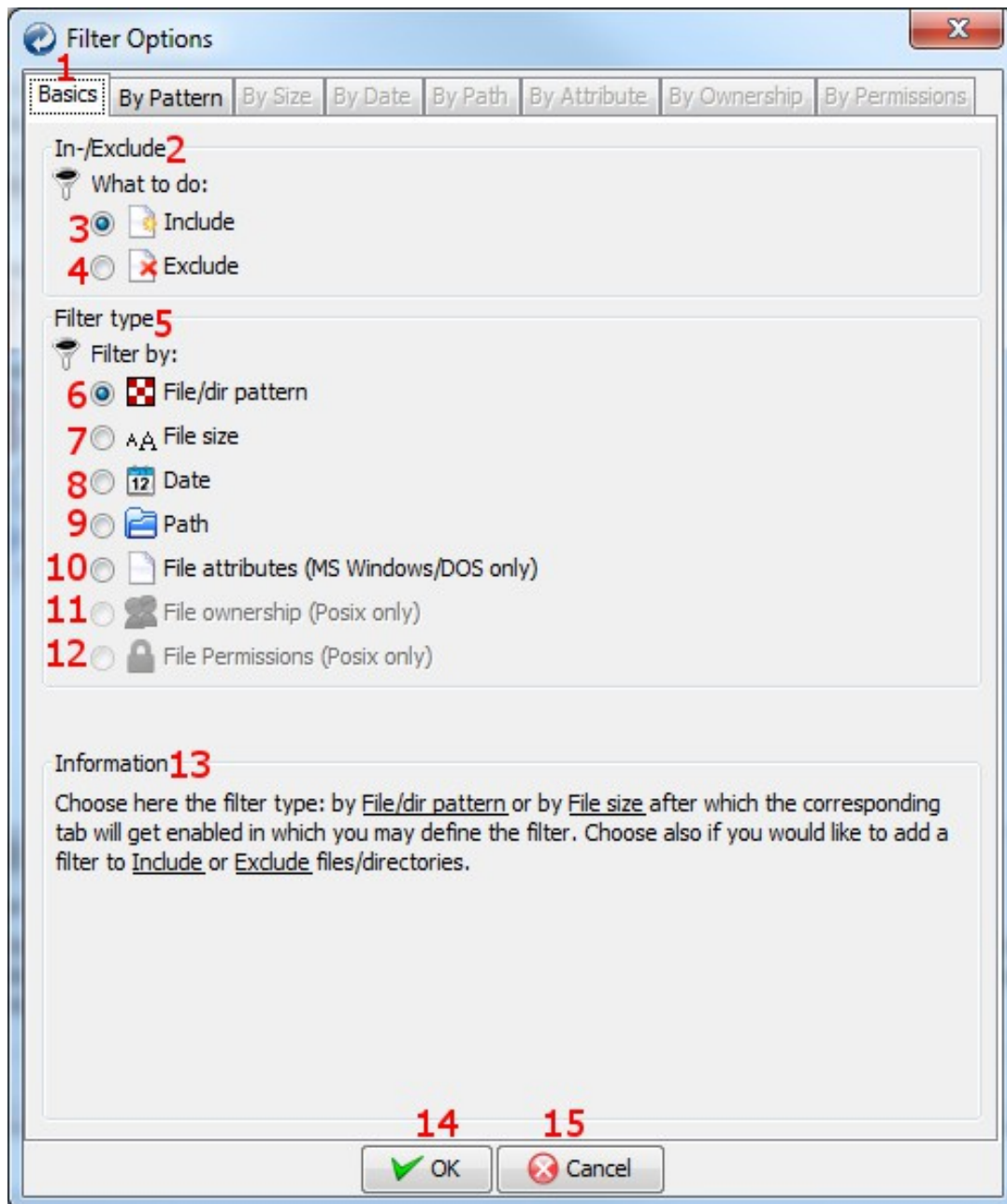
3.3.4 Filters options



1. The **Filters** tab to define which files/directories should be included/excluded. You may redefine these options if the Sync Mode is set to custom.
2. **Filters Tree** gives an overview of all filters for this job in a tree structure.
3. **Add** a New filter.
4. **Edit** an existing filter. This button is enabled only if a filter in the filter tree is selected.
5. **Remove** an existing filter. This button is enabled only if a filter in the filter tree is selected.
6. **Expand** the filter tree one level. This opens up the tree for one level. Clicking it once more, will expand the tree another level.
7. **Collapse** the filter tree.

8. Context **Information** about this tab.

3.3.4.1 Adding/Editing a filter: Basics tab

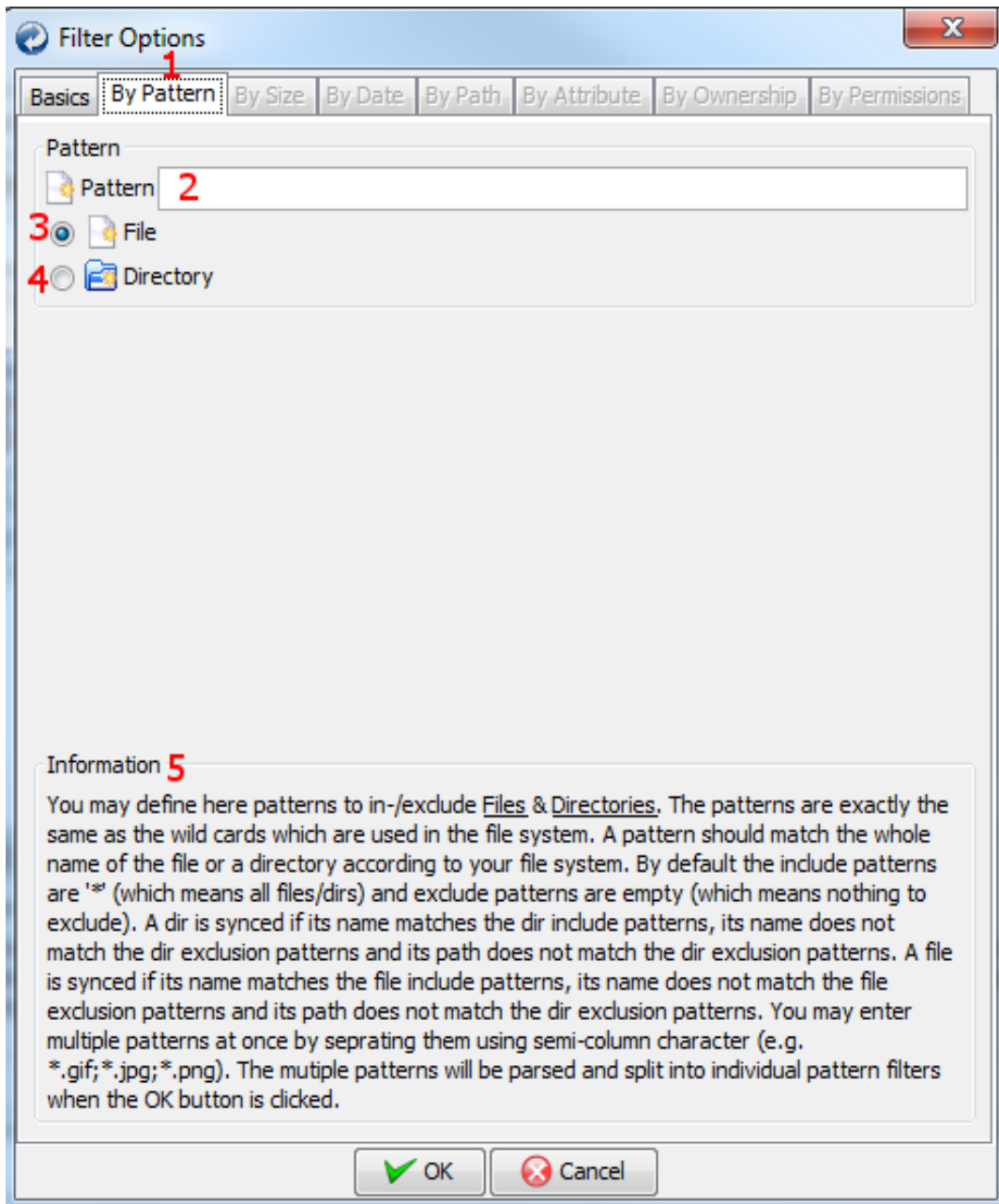


1. The **Basics** tab to define the the type of the filter and whether to include/exclude items.
2. Select here whether to **Include** or **Exclude** the matched files or directories.
3. **Include** the matched files or directories.
4. **Exclude** the matched files or directories.
5. Select here the **Filter type**. One of the tabs By Pattern and By Size will get enabled according to the selected filter type.
6. Filter based on **File/dir pattern**. This filter affects files and directories of

which the name matches a text pattern.

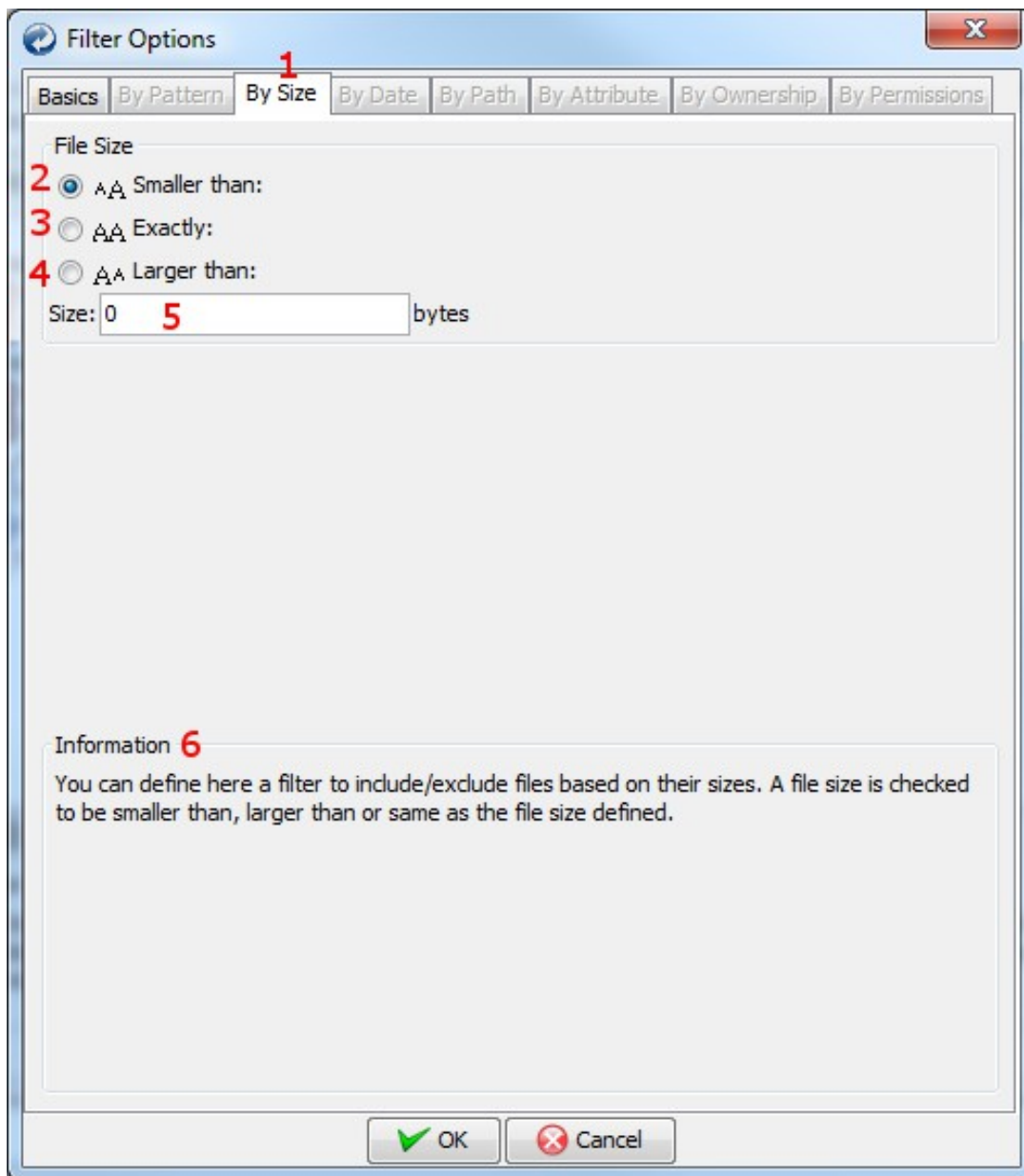
7. Filter based on **File Size**. This filter affects files of which the size satisfy some conditions.
8. Filter based on **File Date**. This filter affects files of which the modification date satisfy some conditions.
9. Filter based on **Path**. This filter affects files/directories of which the absolute path is exactly the same as defined.
10. Filter based on **File attributes**. This filter affects files having one or more specific DOS attributes and may be defined **only** under **MS Windows/DOS**.
11. Filter based on **File ownership**. This filter affect files/directories having a specified owner or group and may be defined only under **Posix** systems (Linux, Unix, ...).
12. Filter based on **File Permissions**. This filter affect files/directories having a specified file permission and may be defined only under **Posix** systems (Linux, Unix, ...).
13. Context **Information** about this tab.
14. **OK** button to save all the filters.
15. **Cancel** button to ignore all changes.

3.3.4.2 Adding/Editing a filter: By Pattern tab



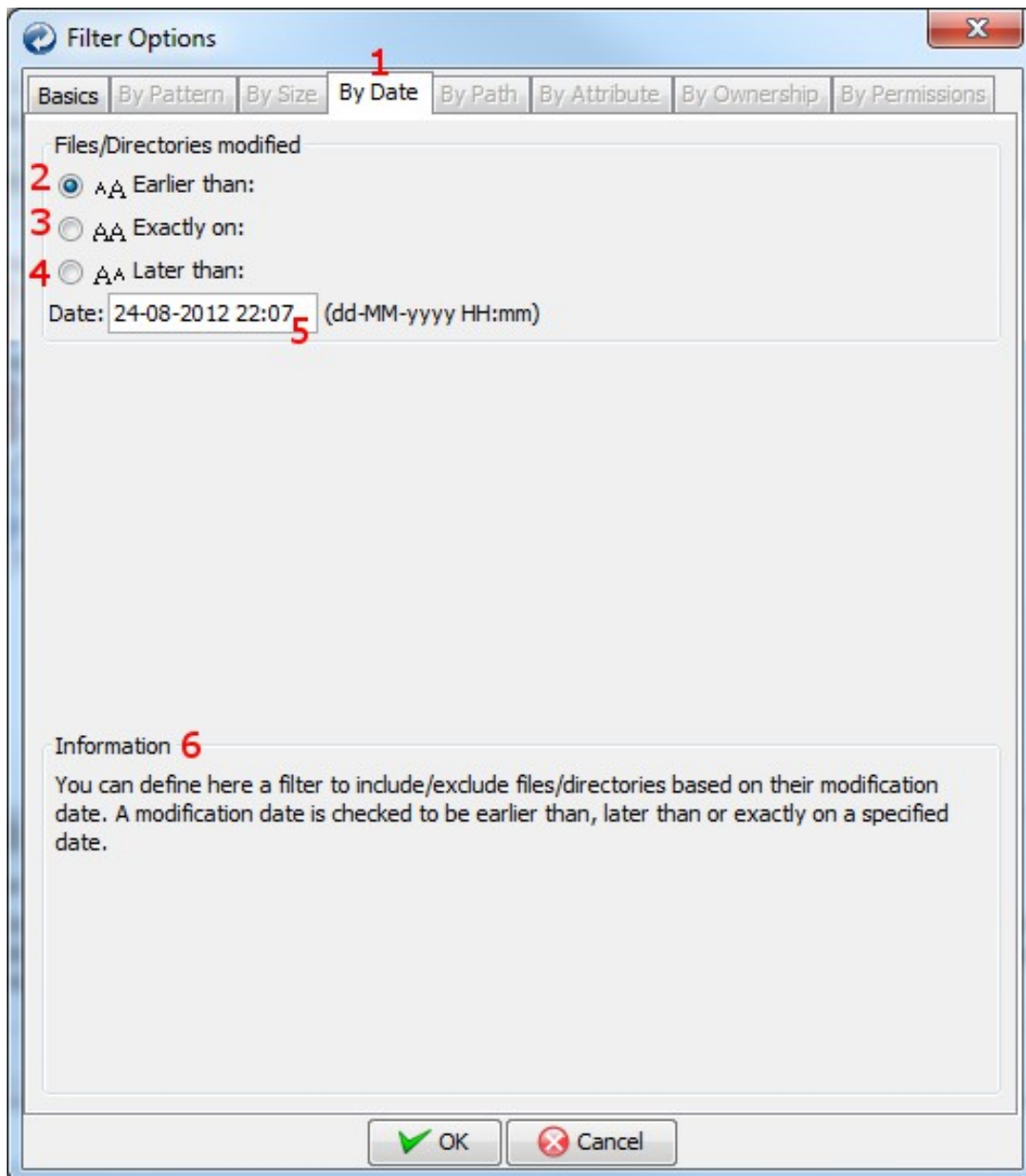
1. The **By Pattern** tab to define a pattern to match the name of the files or directories.
2. Define here the **Pattern** for the file/directory name. Only files/directories matching a specified pattern should be included or excluded. For example if you specify '*.txt' only files/directories that end with '.txt' will be processed; or if you specify '*_new', only files/directories that end with '_new' will be processed. You can use wildcards (i.e. '?' and '*'). '?' means zero, or one character, '*' means zero, one, or more characters.
3. Pattern is a **File** pattern.
4. Pattern is a **Directory** pattern.
5. Context **Information** about this tab.

3.3.4.3 Adding/Editing a filter: By File Size tab



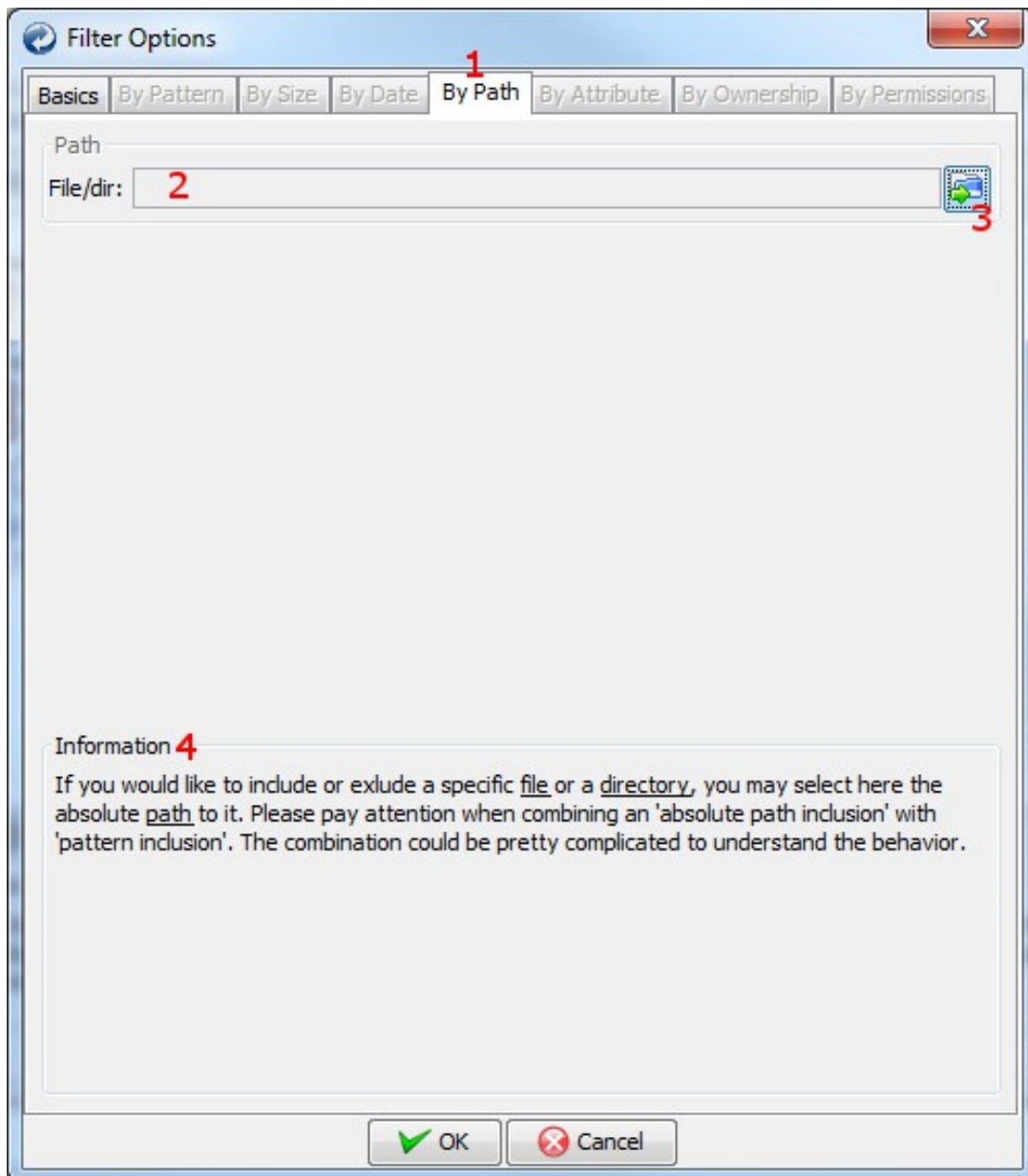
1. The **By File Size** tab to define filters based on file sizes.
2. Match files **Smaller** than.
3. Match files **Exactly** with the size.
4. Match files **Larger** than.
5. The **File size** in bytes.
6. Context **Information** about this tab.

3.3.4.4 Adding/Editing a filter: By File Date tab



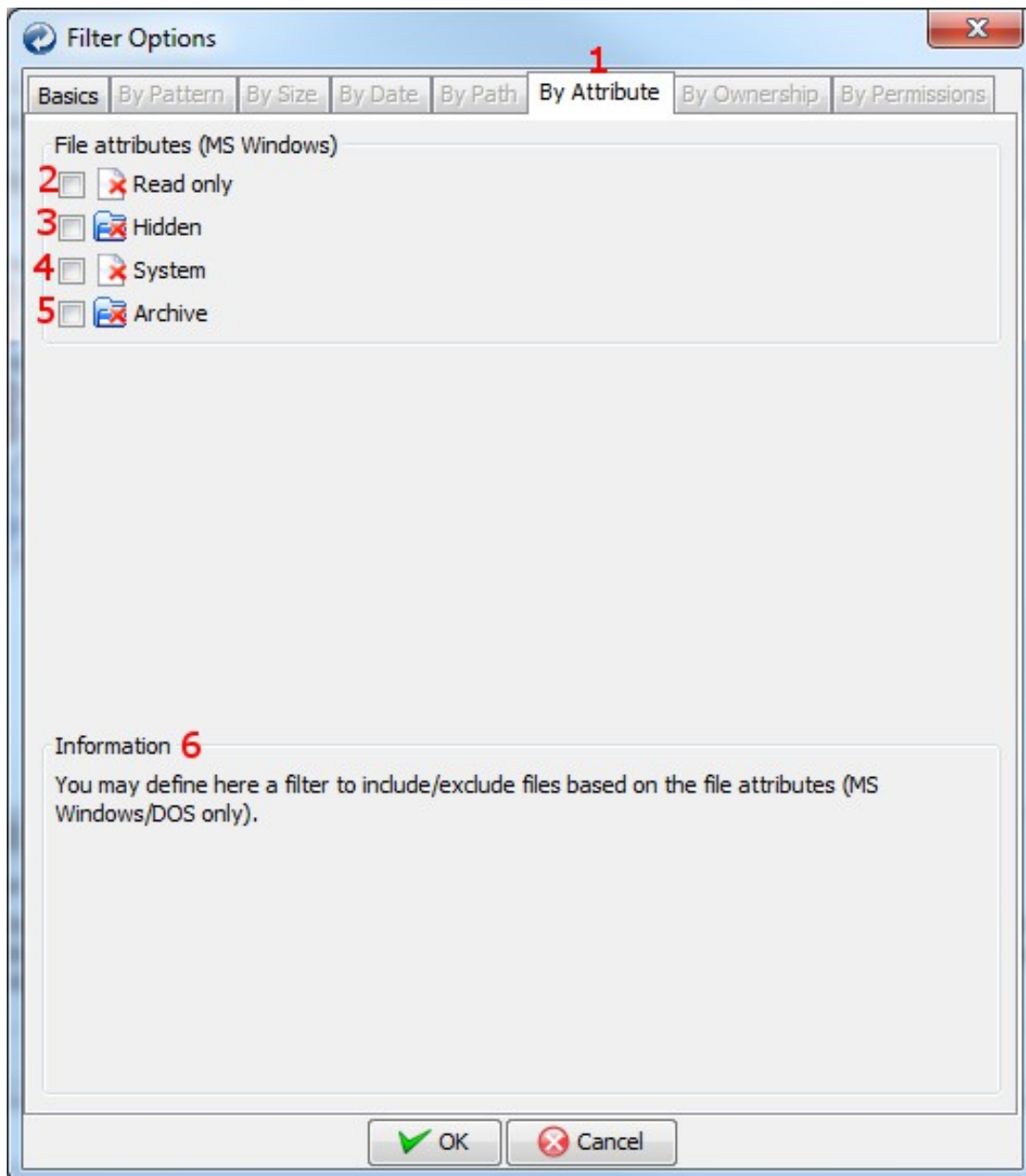
1. The **By File Date** tab to define filters based on file dates.
2. Match files **Earlier than**.
3. Match files **Exactly on** a date.
4. Match files **Later than**.
5. The **Date** formatted as dd-MM-yyyy HH:mm.
6. Context **Information** about this tab.

3.3.4.5 Adding/Editing a filter: By Path tab



1. The **By Path** tab to define filters based on the file/directory path.
2. The **Path** to the file/directory.
3. **Browse** button to select a file/directory.
4. Context **Information** about this tab.

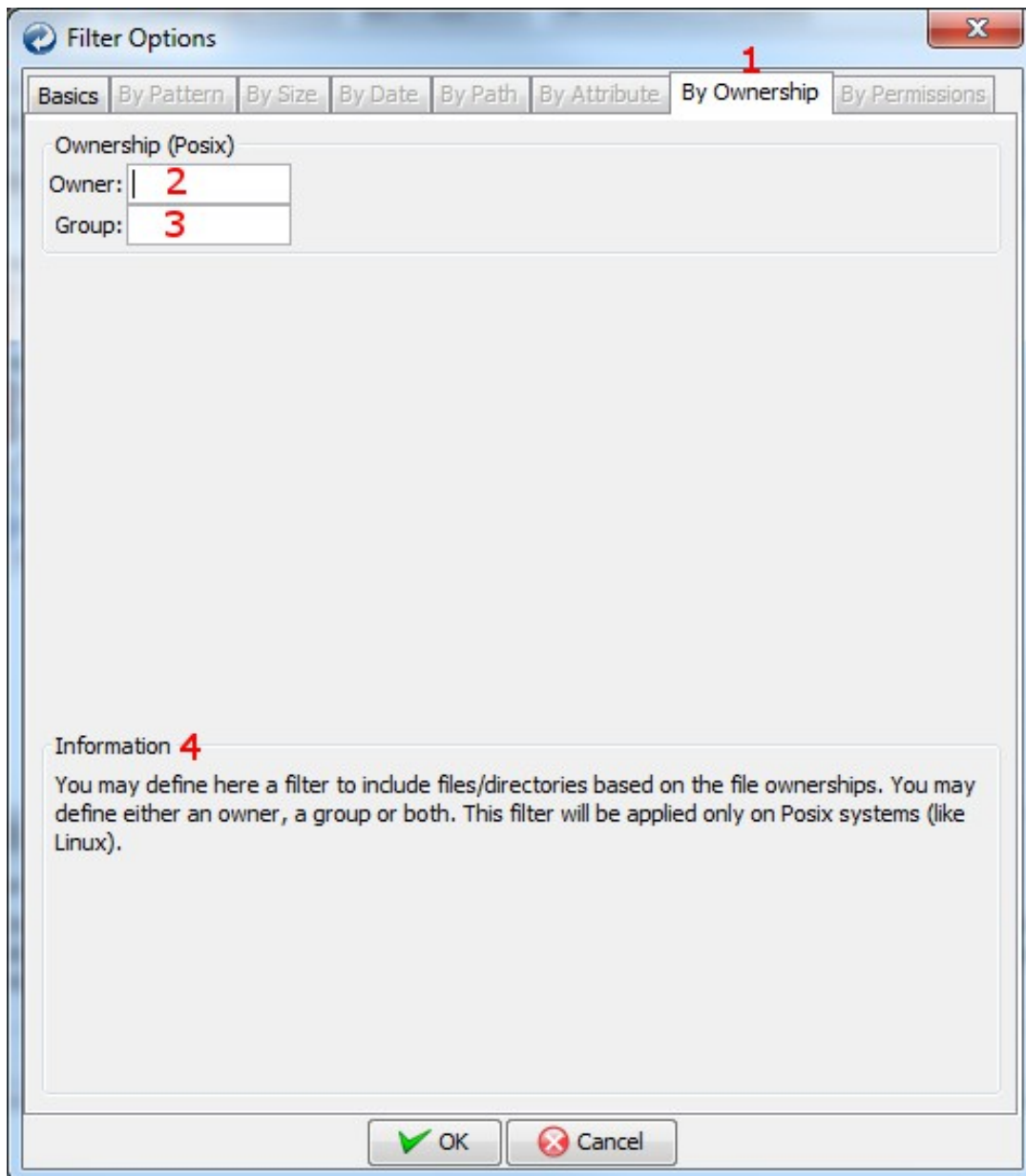
3.3.4.6 Adding/Editing a filter: By Attribute tab



1. The **By File Attribute** tab to define filters based on DOS attributes of the file.
2. Match files with the **Read only**.
3. Match files with the **Hidden** attribute.
4. Match files with the **System** attribute.
5. Match files with the **Archive** attribute.
6. Context **Information** about this tab.

This filter could only be defined on MS Windows/DOS systems.

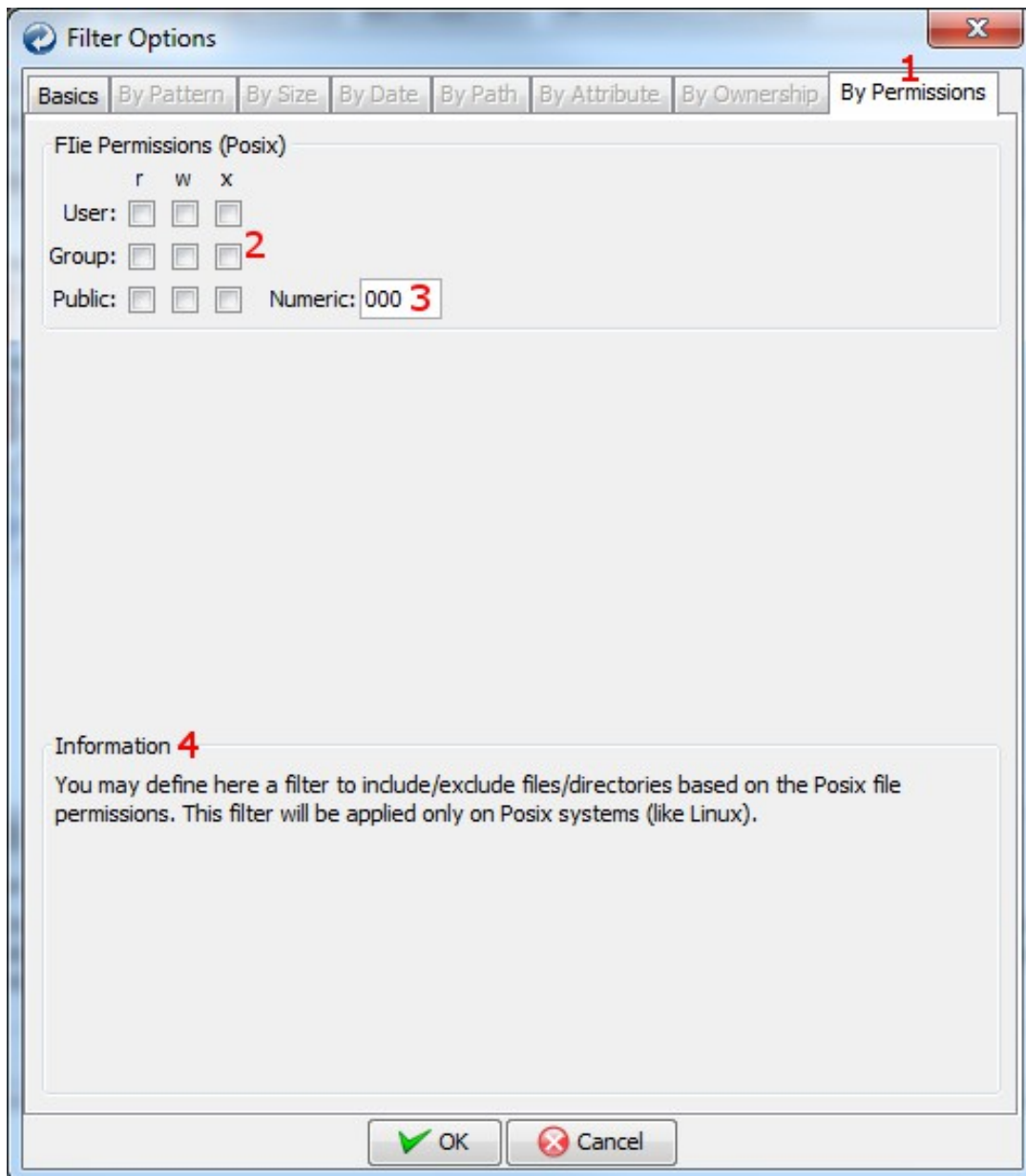
3.3.4.7 Adding/Editing a filter: By Ownership tab



1. The **By File Ownership** tab to define filters based on Posix ownerships of the file/directory.
2. Match files/directories with the specified **Owner**.
3. Match files/directories with the specified **Group**.
4. Context **Information** about this tab.

This filter could only be defined on Posix systems (Linux/Unix, ...).

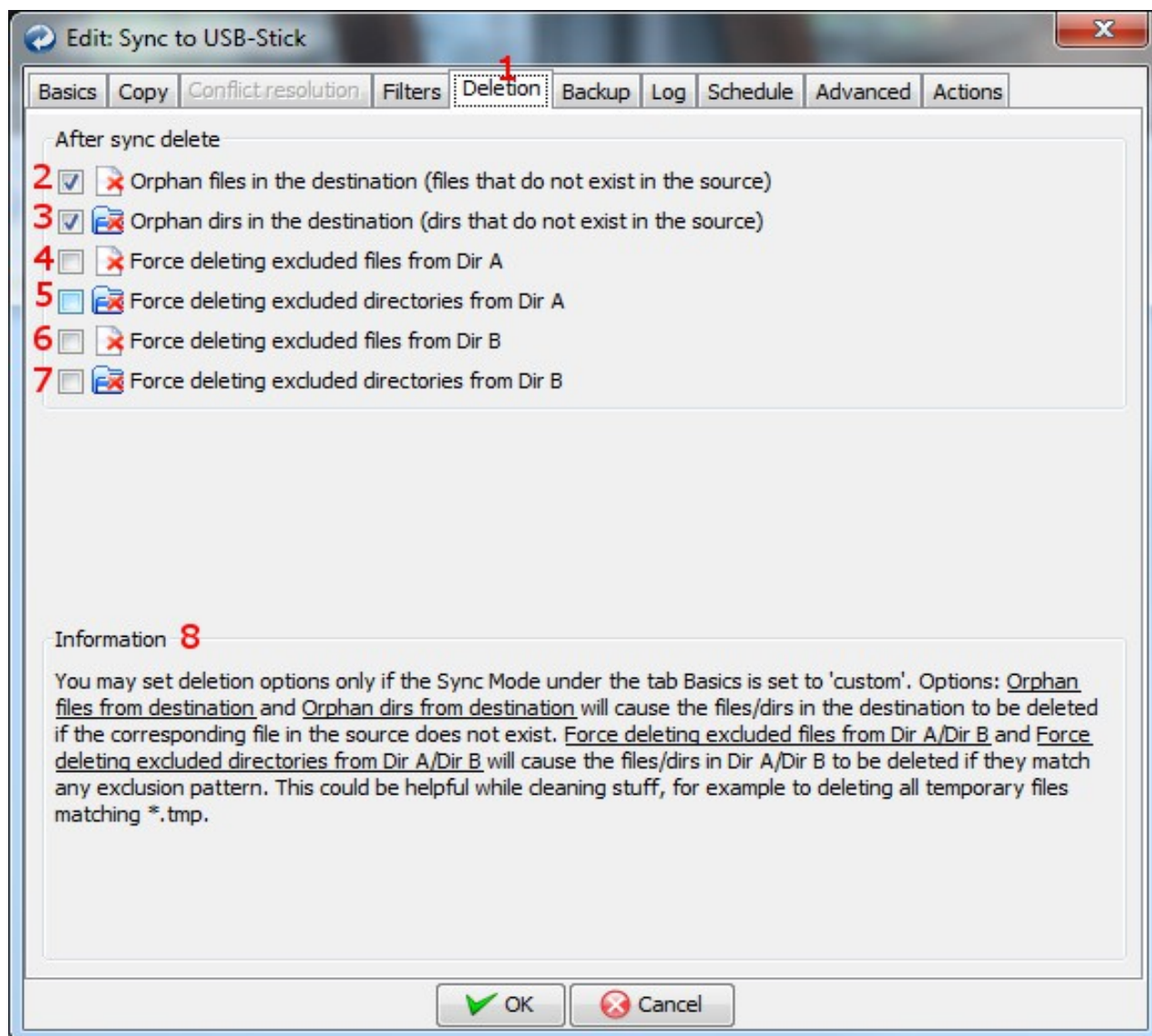
3.3.4.8 Adding/Editing a filter: By Permission tab



1. The **By File Ownership** tab to define filters based on Posix permissions of the file/directory.
2. Match files/directories with the specified bit-wise permissions. Once you edit these check-boxes, the Numeric value will be calculated and updated automatically in the corresponding field.
3. Match files/directories with the specified Numeric permission. Once you edit this value, the bit-wise permissions will be calculated and updated automatically in the corresponding check-boxes.
4. Context **Information** about this tab.

This filter could only be defined on Posix systems (Linux/Unix, ...).

3.3.5 Deletion options

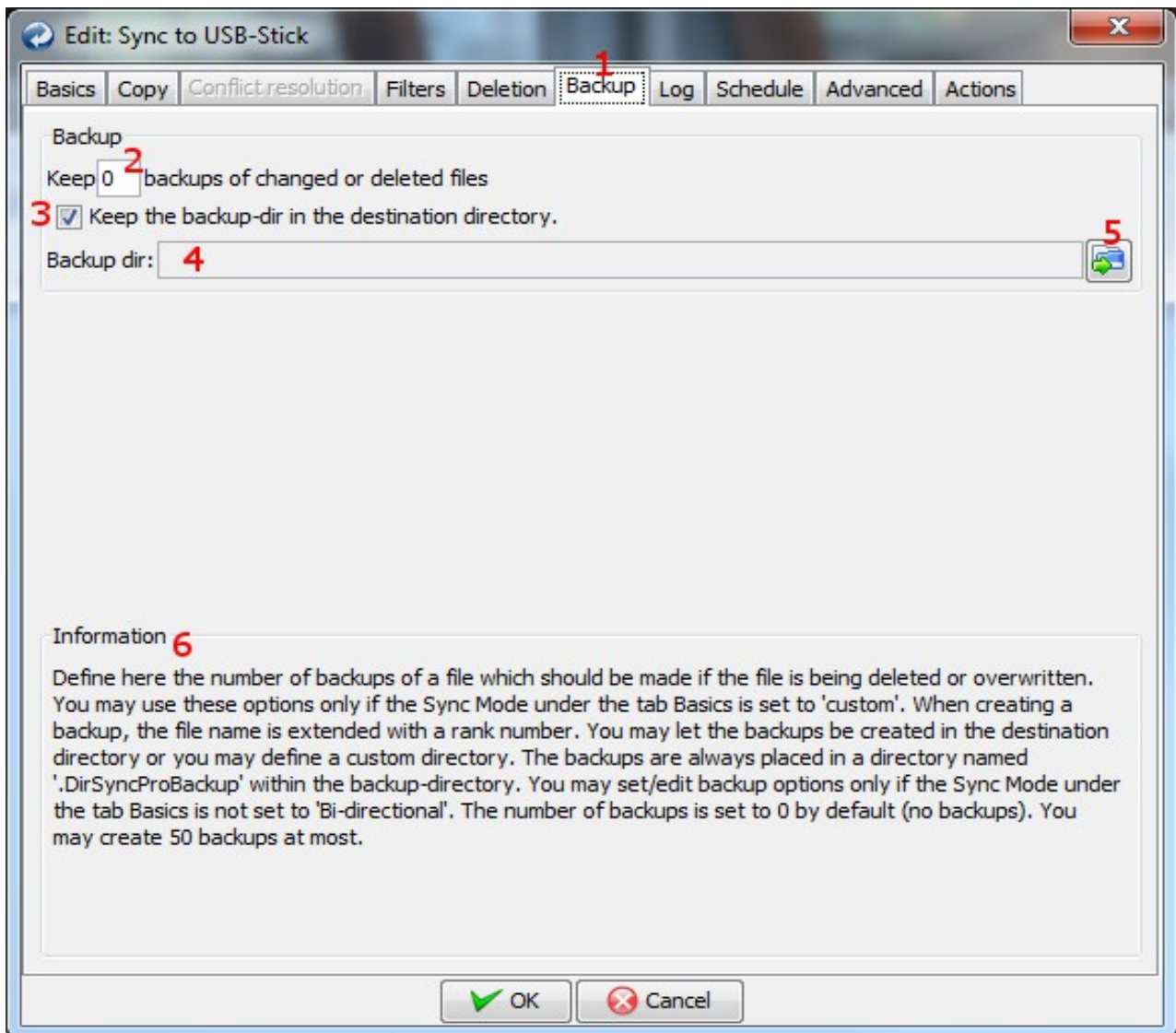


1. The **Deletion** tab to define the deletion behavior after the synchronization. You may redefine these options if the Sync Mode is set to custom.
2. **Delete files** not existing in the source directory from the destination directory. Files that have been deleted in the source directory, but still exist in the destination directory will be deleted in the destination directory.
3. **Delete directories** not existing in the source directory from the destination directory. Directories that have been deleted in the source directory, but still exist in the destination directory will be deleted in the destination directory.
4. **Delete Excluded Files** from **Dir A**. When this option is selected all files which match the Excluded Files pattern will be cleaned up (deleted) from Dir A.
5. **Delete Excluded Directories** from **Dir A**. When this option is selected

all files which match the Excluded Directories pattern will be cleaned up (deleted) from Dir A.

6. **Delete Excluded Files** from **Dir B**. When this option is selected all files which match the Excluded Files pattern will be cleaned up (deleted) from Dir A.
7. **Delete Excluded Directories** from **Dir B**. When this option is selected all files which match the Excluded Directories pattern will be cleaned up (deleted) from Dir A.
8. Context **Information** about this tab.

3.3.6 Backup options

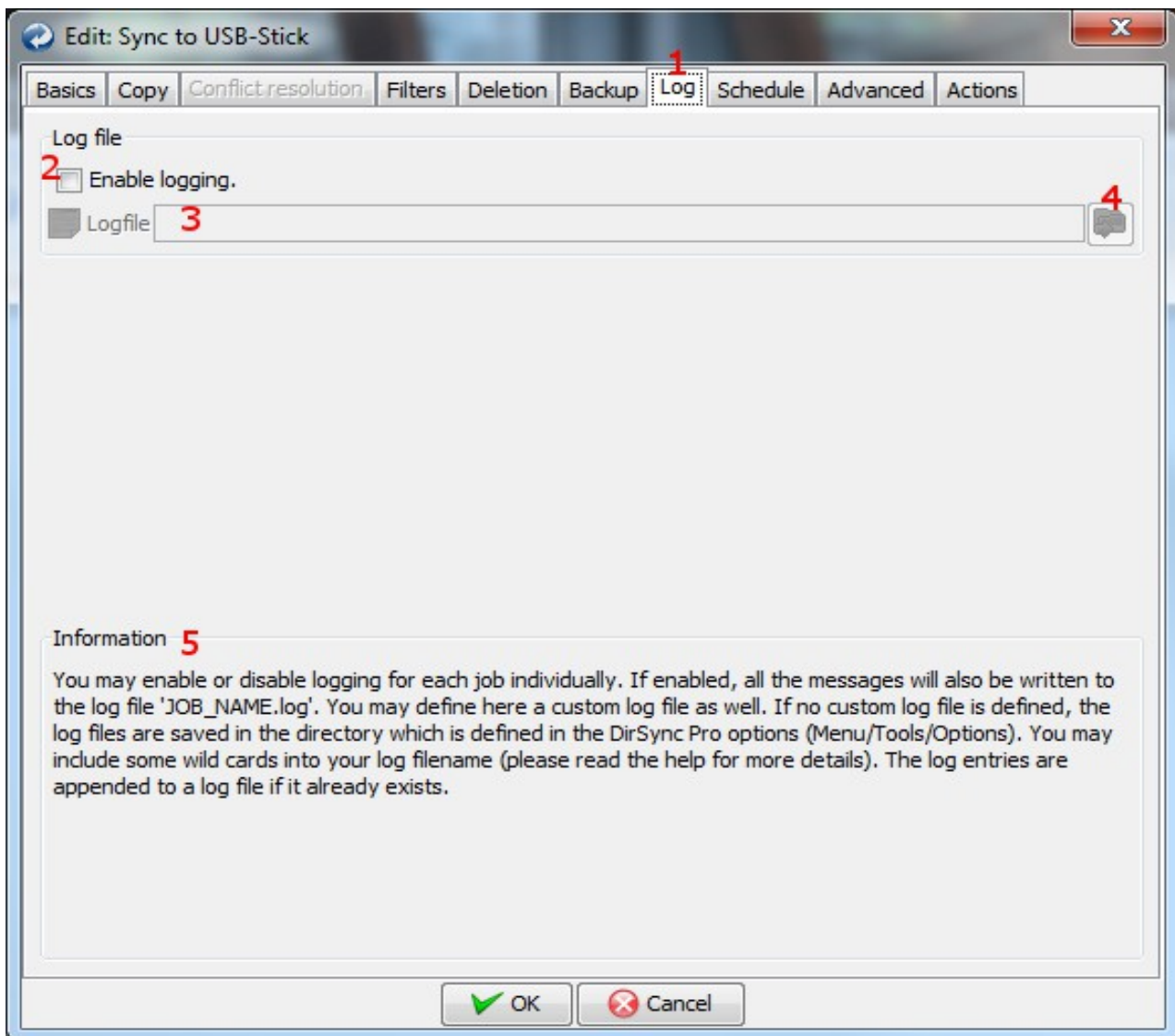


1. The **Backup** tab to define the backup behavior during the synchronization. You may redefine these options if the Sync Mode is set to custom.
2. **Keep n backups**: Before a file in the destination directory will be overwritten or deleted the file is copied to a special subdirectory of the

destination directory as a backup.

3. **Keep the backup dir within the destination directory.** If this option is not selected, an alternative backup folder could be specified.
4. **Alternative Backup directory** in which the backup files will be created.
5. **Browse** for the alternative Backup directory.
6. Context **Information** about this tab.

3.3.7 Logging options

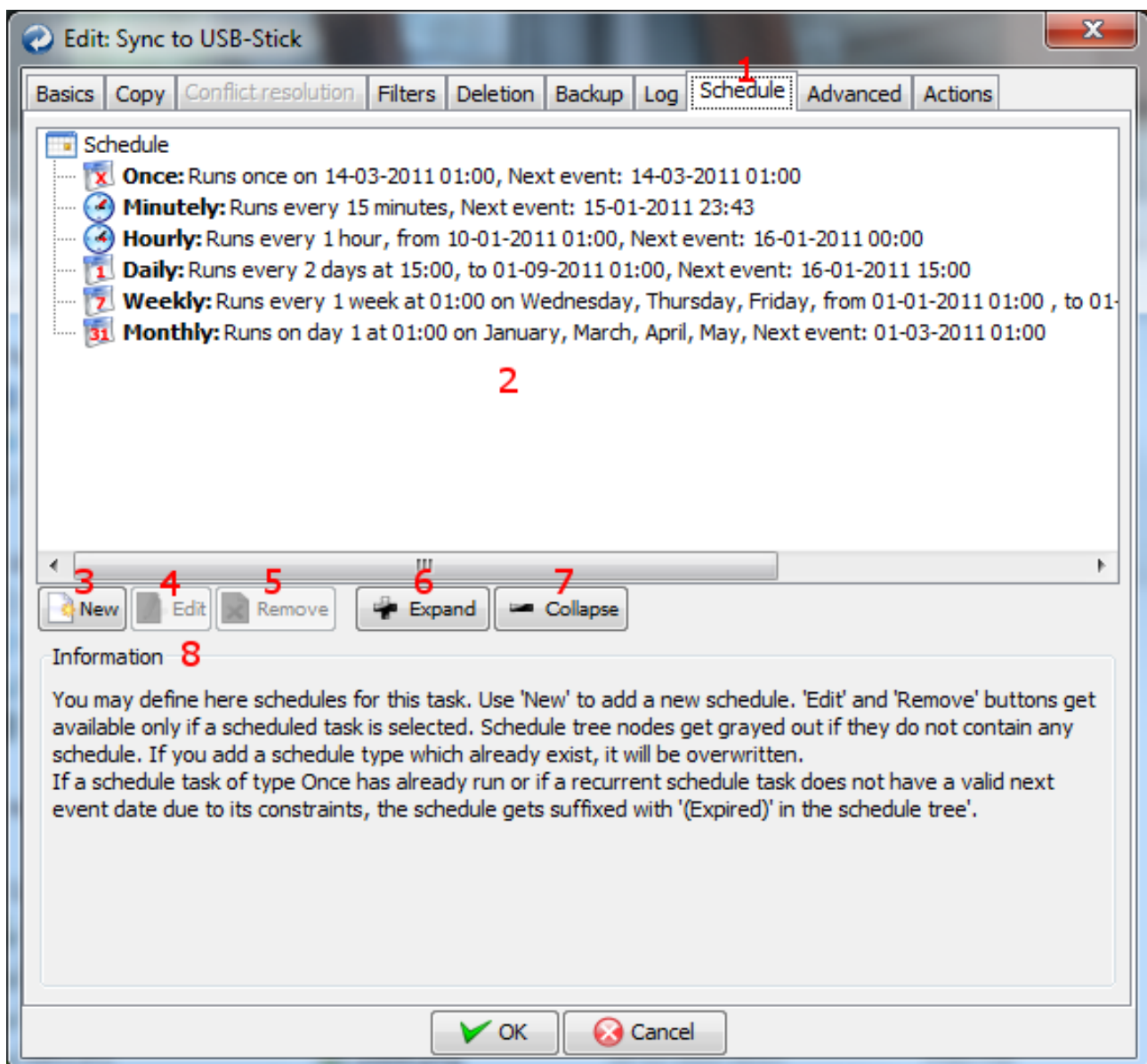


1. The **Log** tab to define the logging behavior after the synchronization.
2. **Enable** or **disable** separate logging for this job.
3. The **Logfile**. Normally the name of the job (label) is used to create the initial filename for the log. You may also specify a custom filename. New log entries are appended to the existing logfiles and hence they will not be overwritten.
You can specify here the following (case sensitive) wildcards:

<date> for the current date, and
<DD> for the current day,
<MM> for the current month,
<YYYY> for the current year.
<time> for the current time, and
<hh> for the current hour,
<mm> for the current minute,
<ss> for the current second.
<username> for the name of the current user, and
<userhome> for the home directory of the current user.

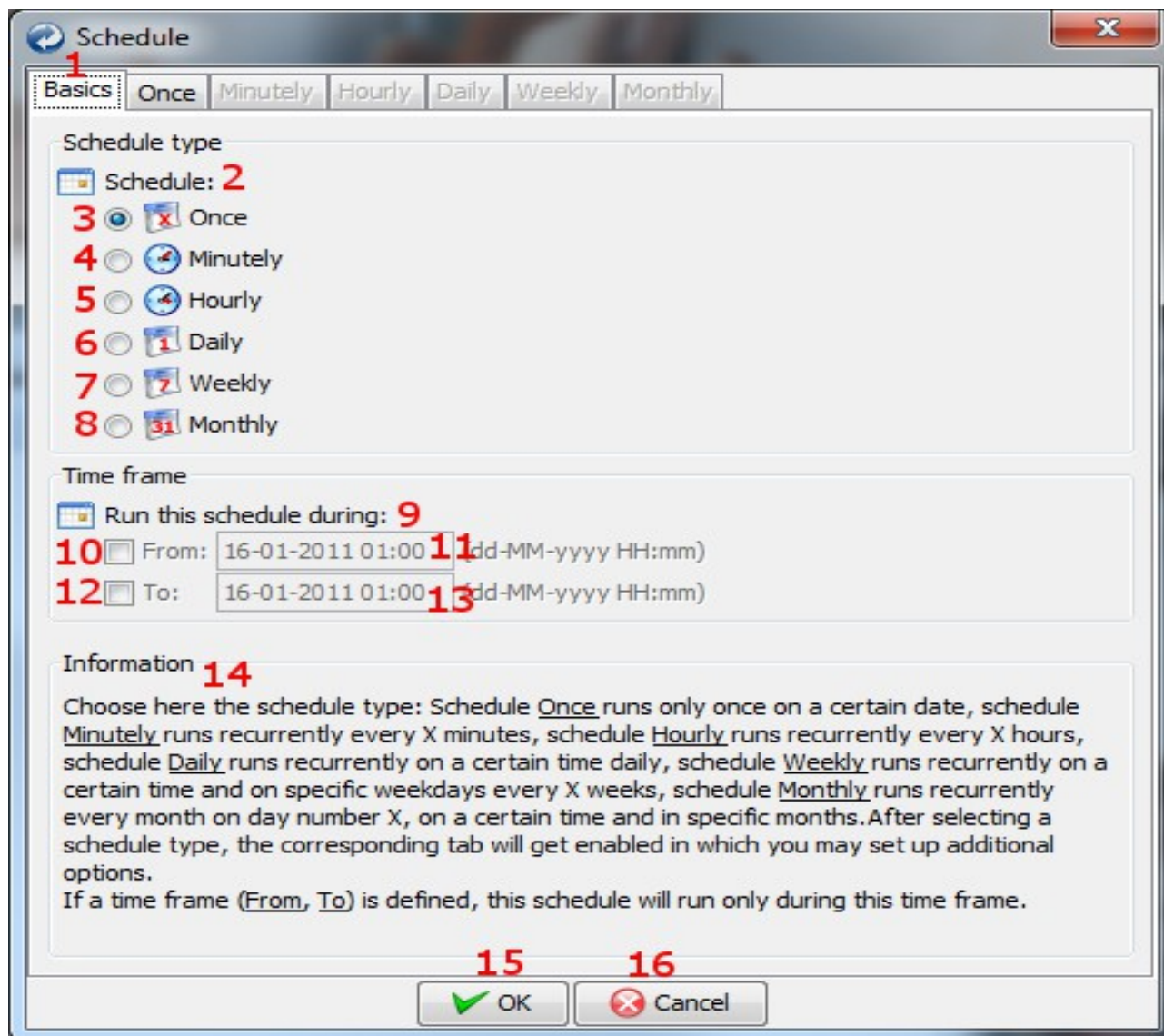
4. **Browse** for the logfile or directory.
5. Context **Information** about this tab.

3.3.8 Schedule options



1. The **Schedules** tab to define schedules for this job. Schedules cause this job to synchronize automatically on a certain time or recurrently according to a pattern.
2. **Schedule Tree** gives an overview of all schedules for this job in a tree structure. If a schedule task of type Once has already run or if a recurrent schedule task does not have a valid next event date due to its constraints, the schedule gets suffixed with '(Expired)' in the schedule tree.
3. **Add** a New schedule.
4. **Edit** an existing schedule. This button is enabled only if a schedule in the schedule tree is selected.
5. **Remove** an existing schedule. This button is enabled only if a schedule in the schedule tree is selected.
6. **Expand** the schedule tree one level. This opens up the tree for one level. Clicking it once more, will expand the tree another level.
7. **Collapse** the schedule tree.
8. Context **Information** about this tab.

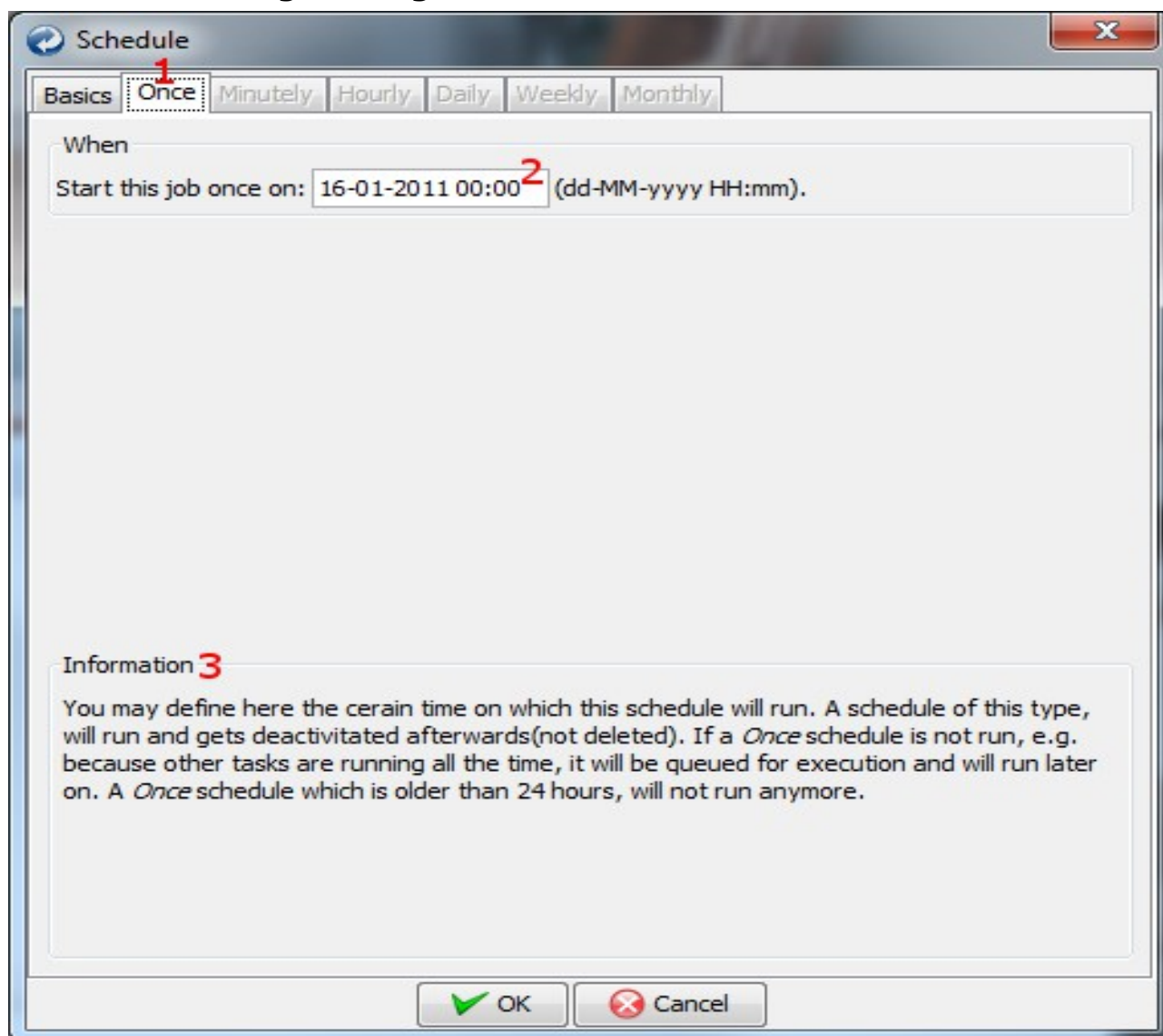
3.3.8.1 Adding/Editing a schedule: Basics tab



1. The **Basics** tab to define the the type of the schedule and some general settings.
2. Select here the **Schedule type**. There are 6 types are schedules available.
3. **Once**: This schedule runs only once on a certain date/time.
4. **Minutely**: This schedule runs recurrently every X minutes.
5. **Hourly**: This schedule runs recurrently every X hours.
6. **Daily**: This schedule runs recurrently on a certain time daily.
7. **Weekly**: This schedule runs recurrently on a certain time and in specific months every X weeks.
8. **Monthly**: This schedule runs recurrently every month on day number X, on a certain time and in specific months.

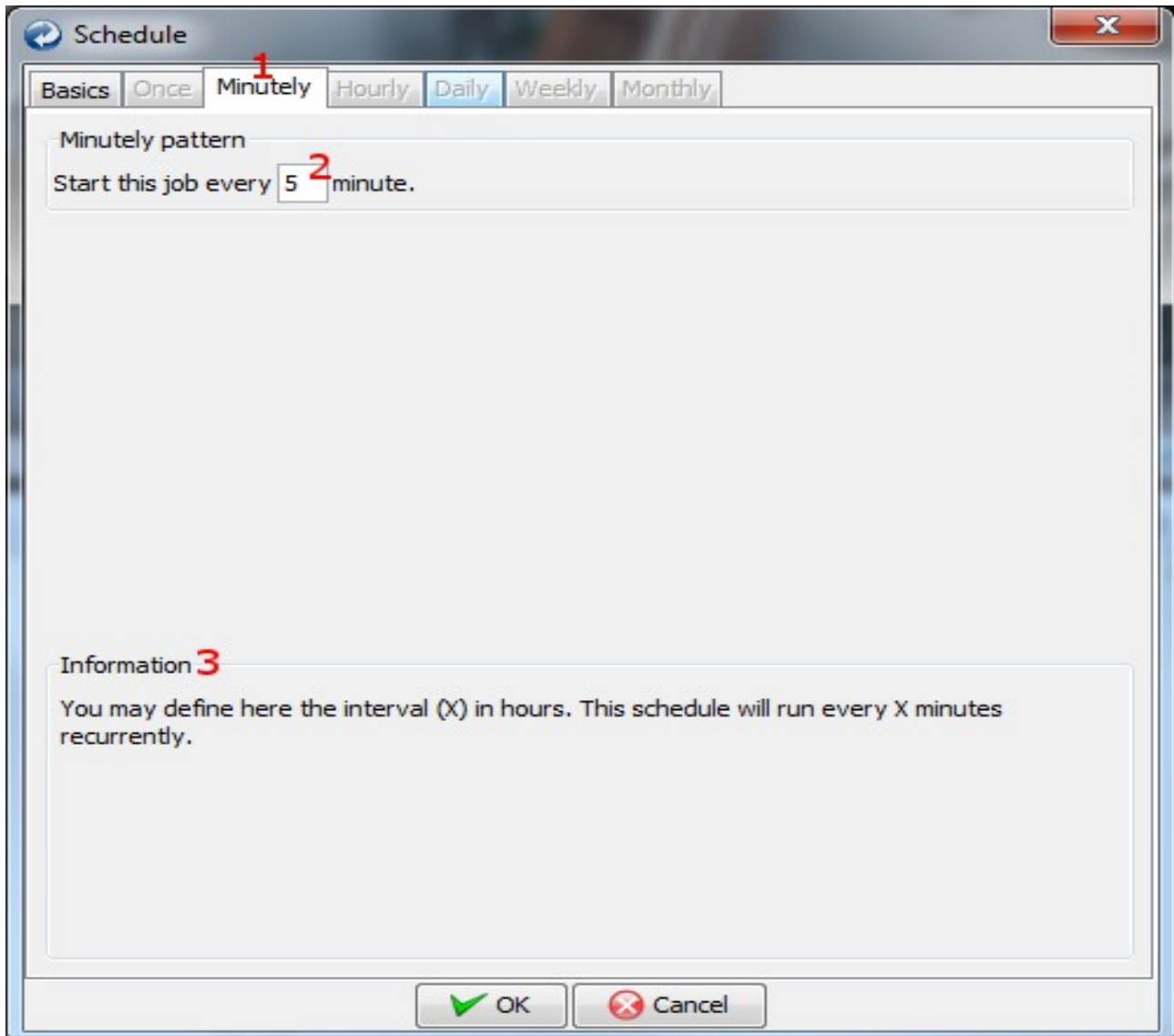
9. Define here if the task should run only during a time frame (From ... To).
10. **Enable Time frame From** constraint.
11. **Time frame From date value.** If defined, the task will run only if its next event date is after this date.
12. **Enable Time frame To** constraint.
13. **Time frame To date value.** If defined, the task will run only if its next event date is after this date.
14. Context **Information** about this tab.
15. **OK** button to save all the filters.
16. **Cancel** button to ignore all changes.

3.3.8.2 Adding/Editing a schedule: Schedule Once



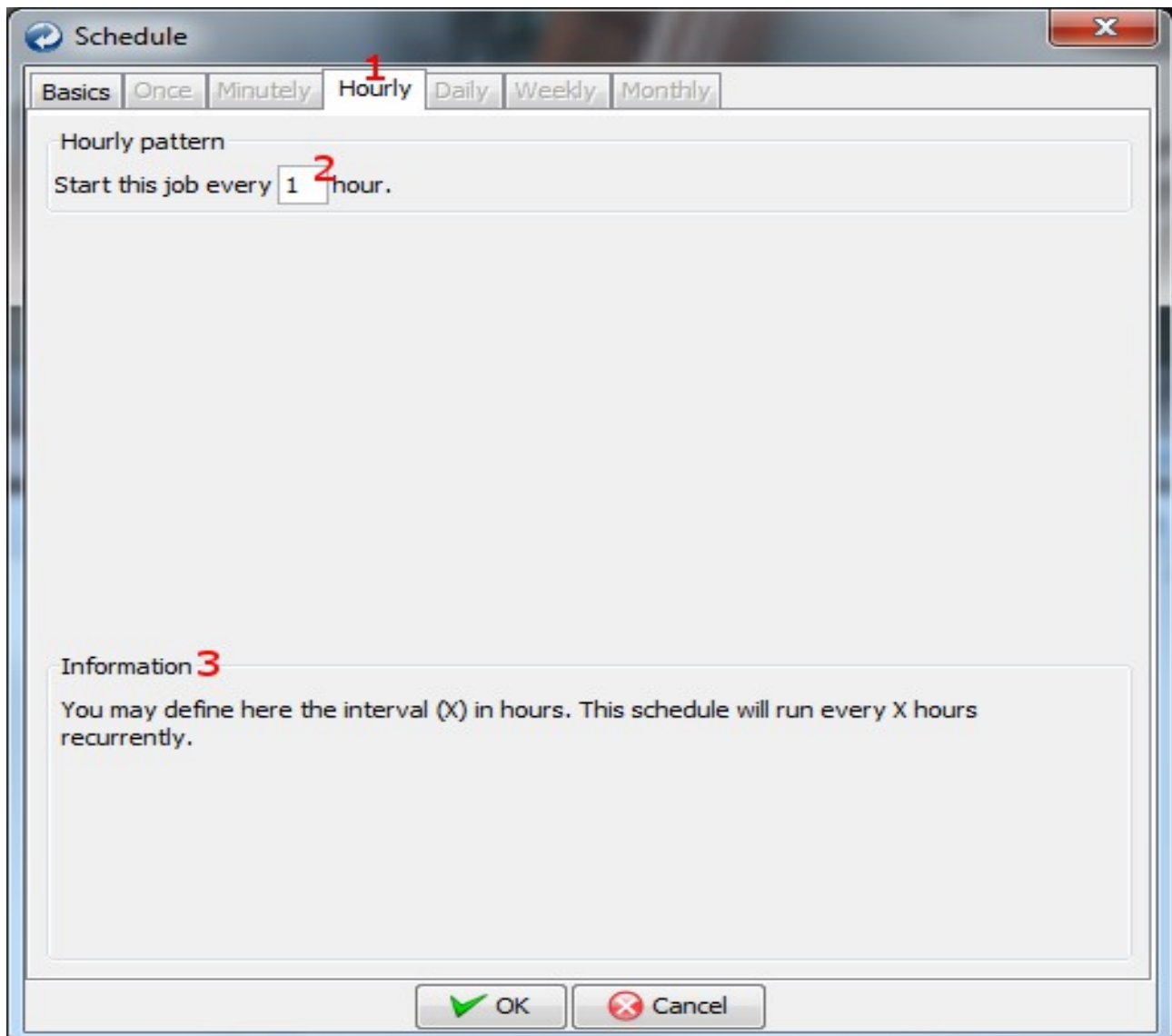
1. The Schedule **Once** tab in which you may define a task which runs once on a certain time. If a Once schedule is not run, e.g. because other tasks are running all the time, it will be queued for execution and will run later again. A Once schedule which is older than 24 hours, will not run anymore.
2. The **Time** on which this schedule will run.
3. Context **Information** about this tab.

3.3.8.3 Adding/Editing a schedule: Schedule Minutely



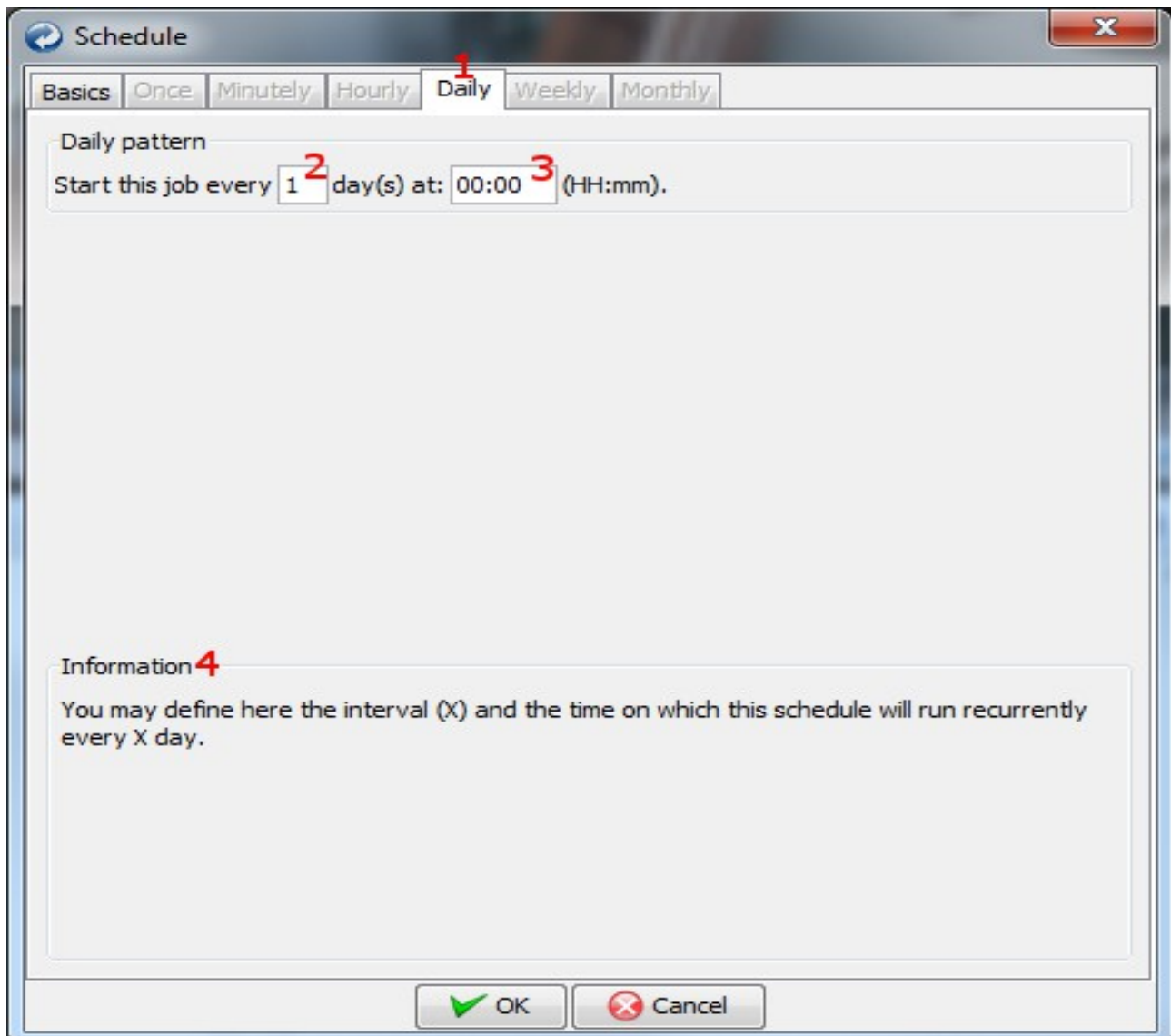
1. The Schedule **Minutely** tab in which you may define a task which runs recurrently every X minutes. The first occurrence will get scheduled for 'now'.
2. The **interval** in minutes.
3. Context Information about this tab.

3.3.8.4 Adding/Editing a schedule: Schedule Hourly



1. The Schedule **Hourly** tab in which you may define a task which runs recurrently every X hours. The first occurrence will get scheduled for the next complete hours (01:00, 02:00, 03:00, ...).
2. The **interval** in hours.
3. Context **Information** about this tab.

3.3.8.5 Adding/Editing a schedule: Schedule Daily



1. The Schedule **Daily** tab in which you may define a task which runs recurrently every X days on a certain time.
2. The **interval** in days.
3. The **time** of the day on which this task should run.
4. Context **Information** about this tab.

3.3.8.6 Adding/Editing a schedule: Schedule Weekly

The screenshot shows a 'Schedule' dialog box with a title bar and a close button. It contains several tabs: 'Basics', 'Once', 'Minutely', 'Hourly', 'Daily', 'Weekly', and 'Monthly'. The 'Weekly' tab is selected and highlighted with a red '1'. Below the tabs, the 'Weekly pattern' section contains the text 'Start this job every' followed by a text box containing '1' (annotated with a red '2'), then 'week(s) at' followed by a time text box containing '00:00' (annotated with a red '3'), and '(HH:mm) on these days:'. Below this text are seven checkboxes for the days of the week: Monday (checked), Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, and Sunday. A red '4' is placed to the left of the Wednesday checkbox. At the bottom of the dialog is an 'Information' section (annotated with a red '5') containing the text: 'You may define here the interval (X), the time and the weekday on which this schedule will run every X weeks recurrently.' At the very bottom are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

1. The Schedule **Weekly** tab in which you may define a task which runs recurrently every X weeks on a certain time and on specific weekdays.
2. The **interval** in weeks.
3. The **time** of the day on which this task should run.
4. Checkboxes to select on which **weekdays** this schedule task should run.
5. Context **Information** about this tab.

3.3.8.7 Adding/Editing a schedule: Schedule Monthly

Schedule

Basics Once Minutely Hourly Daily Weekly **Monthly**

Monthly pattern

Start this job on day **1** at **01:00** (HH:mm) of these months:

☒ January ☐ July

☐ February ☐ August

4 ☐ March ☐ September

☐ April ☐ Oktober

☐ May ☐ November

☐ June ☐ December

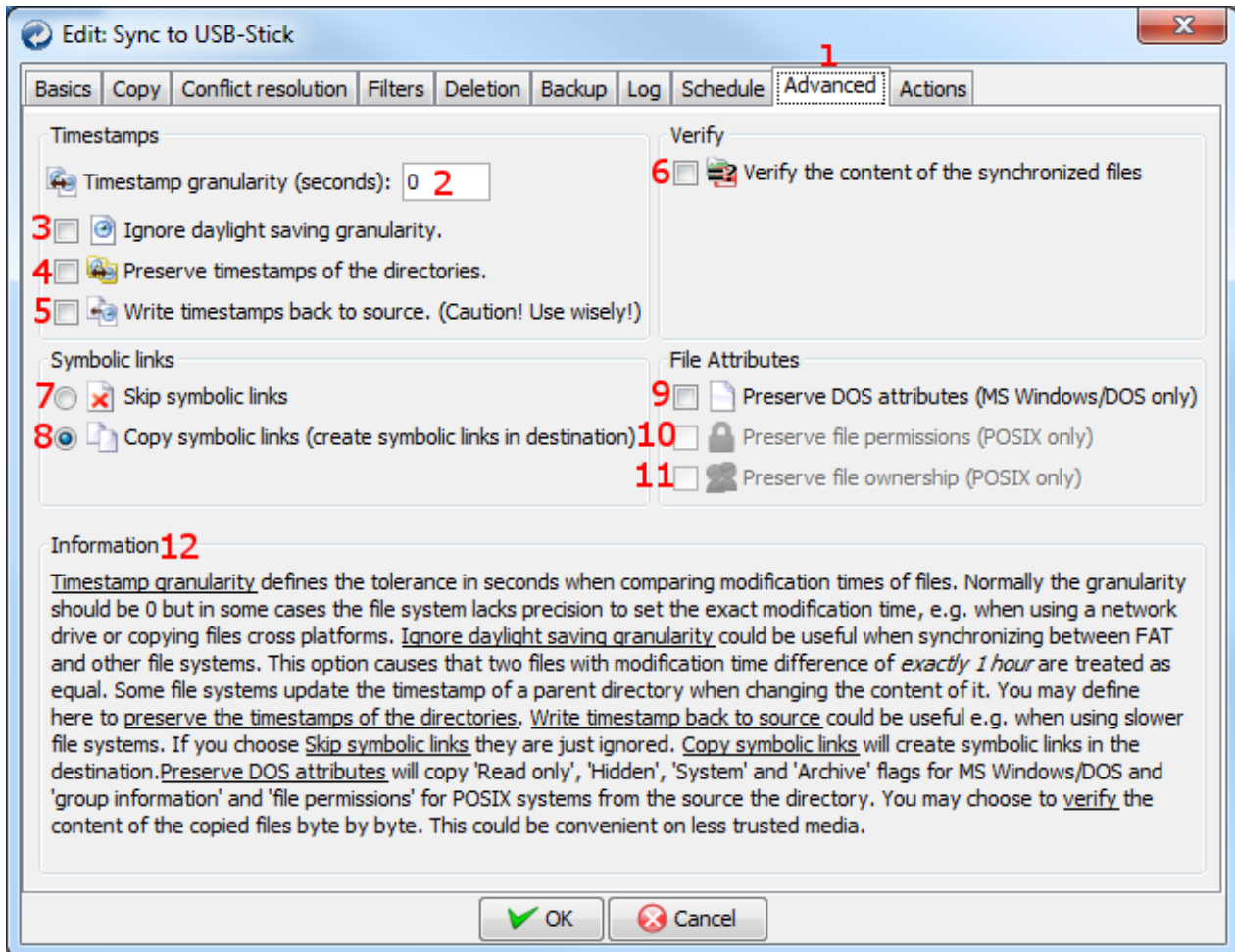
Information

You may define here the day of the month (X), the time and the months on which this schedule will run recurrently.

OK Cancel

1. The Schedule **Monthly** tab in which you may define a task which runs recurrently every month on day number X, on a certain time and in specific months.
2. The **Xth** day of the month.
3. The **time** of the day on which this task should run.
4. Checkboxes to select on which **months** this schedule task should run.
5. Context **Information** about this tab.

3.3.9 Advanced options



1. The **Advanced** tab to define advanced options.
2. **Timestamp granularity** is the tolerance in seconds when comparing the modification time of files/folders. Normally the granularity should be zero but in some cases the file system fails to set the exact modification time, e.g. when using a network drive or copying files cross platforms. Two files with modification dates difference less than the granularity will be treated as 'not modified'.
3. **Ignore daylight saving granularity** could be useful when synchronizing between FAT and other file systems. This option makes that two files with modification time difference exactly 1 hour are treated as equal.
4. **Preserve timestamps of the directories** makes that the timestamps of the directories in destination get identical to that of the directories in the source. This option maybe useful for MS Windows/DOS users.
5. **Write timestamps back to source files** causes to write the time stamps of the copied files back to the source files. Caution: use this if you really need to.
6. **Verify the synchronized files** causes that after a file has been copied checksums of the source and destination file are calculated and

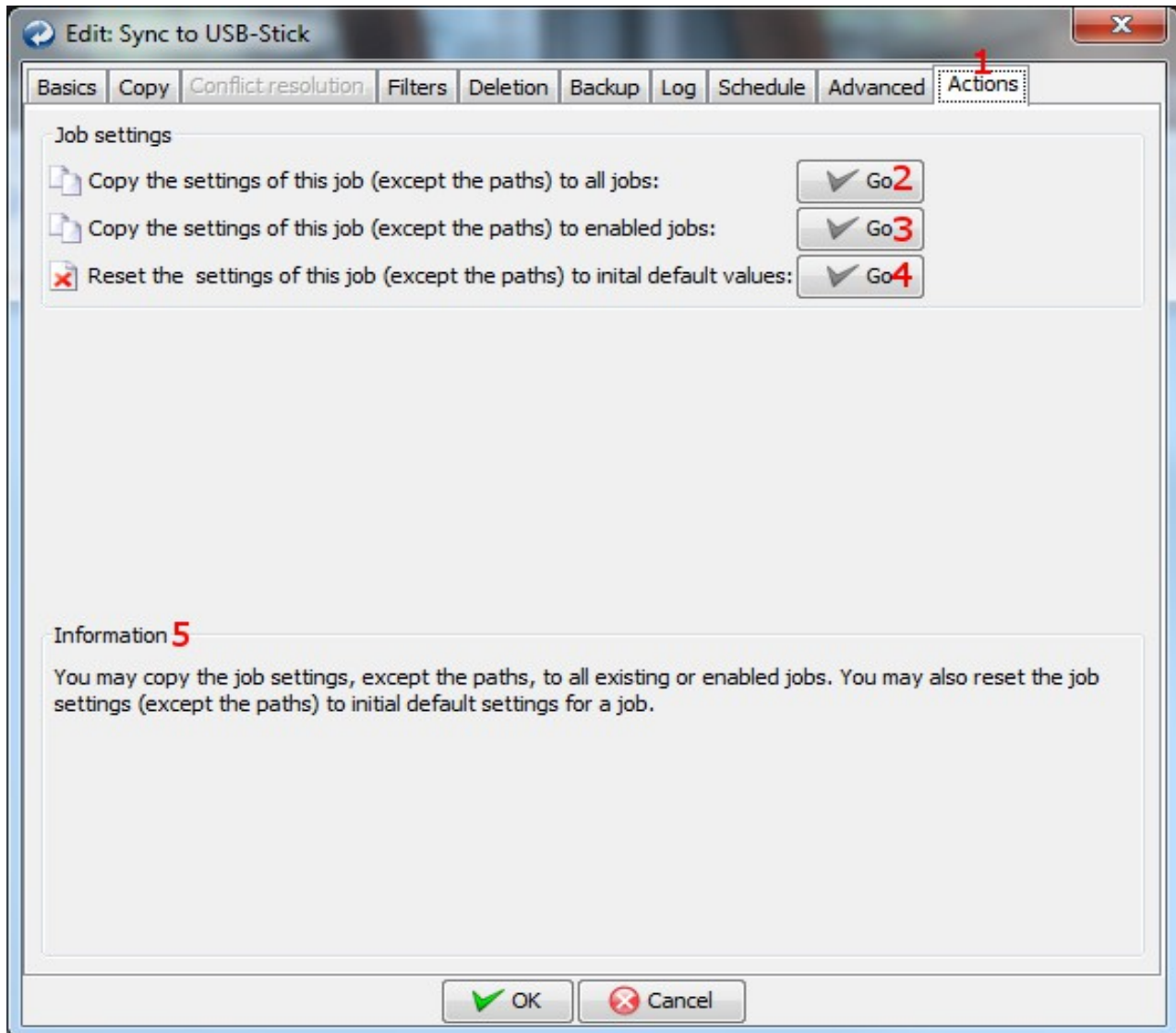
compared. If the checksums don't match an "Verify error" will be reported. This option could be useful if the destination media are not completely trusted.

7. **Skip symbolic links** causes that symbolic **links are ignored while copying. Only applies if the source file system uses symbolic links (UNIX, Linux, Mac OSX).**
8. **Copy symbolic links** causes that symbolic links are verbatim copied. This will **create symbolic links** in the destination folder (UNIX, Linux, Mac OSX).
9. **Preserve DOS attributes** causes that the DOS file attributes of the files in destination get identical to that of the files in the source. This option maybe useful for MS Windows/DOS users and could only be set under these systems.
10. **Preserve file permissions** causes that the Posix permissions of the files/directories in destination get identical to that of the files/directories in the source. This option maybe useful for Posix users and could only be set under these systems.
11. **Preserve file ownership** causes that the Posix ownerships of the files/directories in destination get identical to that of the files/directories in the source. This option maybe useful for Posix users and could only be set under these systems.
12. Context **Information** about this tab.

Understanding timestamp related problems

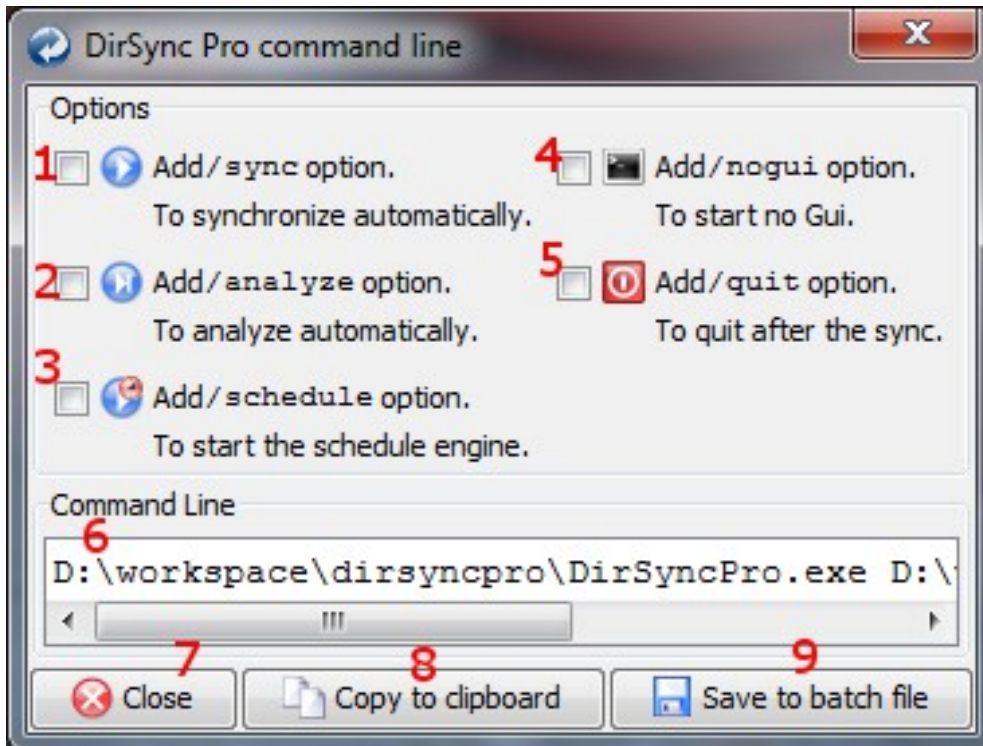
Some file systems do not store timestamps accurately (e.g. FAT) and it is possible that problems with the option "Modified" arise (e.g. FAT always forces the time stamp down to even seconds; if you copy a file with a source timestamp of "12:05:01" to FAT it will be stored with a destination timestamp of "12:05:00". The next time you synchronize this file with the "Copy modified" option it will be copied again because the source timestamp is newer than the destination timestamp).

3.3.10 Job Actions



1. The **Actions** tab to perform some actions on the job settings.
2. **Copy** all the job **options** (except the paths) to **all** jobs in the job tree.
3. **Copy** all the job **options** (except the paths) to **enabled** jobs in the job tree.
4. **Reset** all the job settings (except the paths) to initial default settings. This loads the application defaults to your job.
5. Context **Information** about this tab.

3.4 Generate command line tool



Using this tool you may let DirSync Pro create the **command line** for you. The command line could be used to start DirSync Pro directly from the command line. You could also write the command line to a batch file to start a specific synchronization directly.

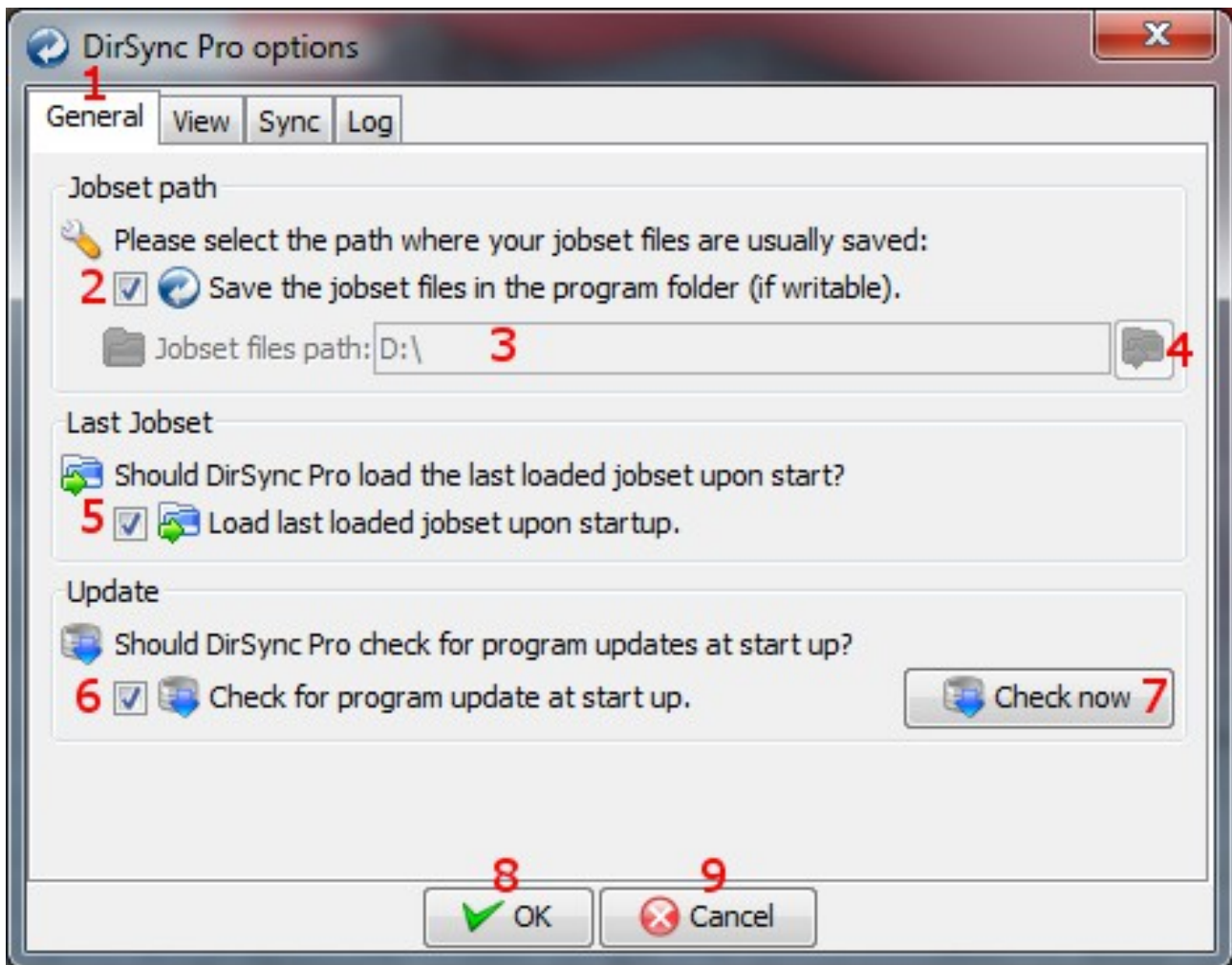
This tool is smart enough to check the type of the operating system (MS Windows vs. Linux-like systems) and uses the corresponding option delimiter (/ or -), file separator character (\ or /) and file and path conventions.

1. This option adds a **/sync** (Or **-sync** for Linux-like systems) options to the command line causes DirSync Pro to start synchronizing right away.
2. This option adds a **/analyze** (Or **-analyze** for UNIX-like systems) options to the command line which causes DirSync Pro to start analyzing right away.
3. This option adds **/schedule** (Or **-schedule** for UNIX-like systems) options to the command line which causes DirSync Pro to start the schedule engine as soon as the GUI is started.
4. This option adds a **/nogui** (Or **-nogui** for UNIX-like systems) options to the command line which causes DirSync Pro to start no graphical user interface.
5. This option adds a **/quit** (Or **-quit** for UNIX-like systems) options to the command line which causes DirSync Pro to quit right after the synchronization.
6. The **created command line**.
7. **Close** the window without further actions.

8. **Copy** the created command line to the system **clipboard**. You may paste this clipboard elsewhere.
9. **Save** the created command line to a **batch file**. After clicking this button, you will be asked to provide a filename. The extension `.cmd` and `.sh` are used for the batchfile on MS Windows systems and Linux-like systems respectively.

3.5 Application Options window

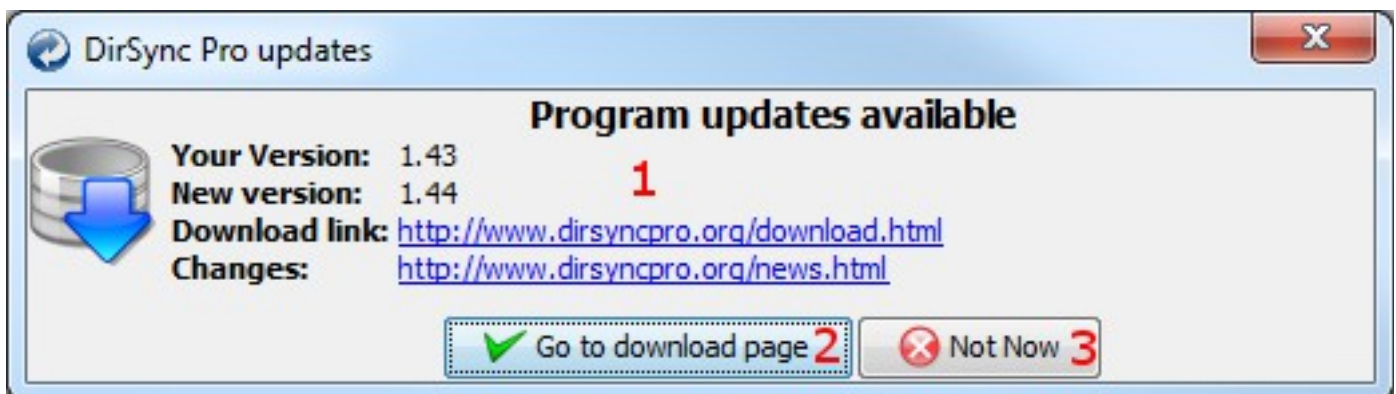
3.5.1 General options



1. The **General** tab to define general application options.
2. Whether the jobset files are saved in the **program folder**. In some cases it is useful to define another jobset path for example if you do not have write permissions in the program folder.
3. The **path** to the directory in which the jobset files reside. You can define a path in which you usually keep your saved jobset files.
4. **Browse** for the jobset files path.

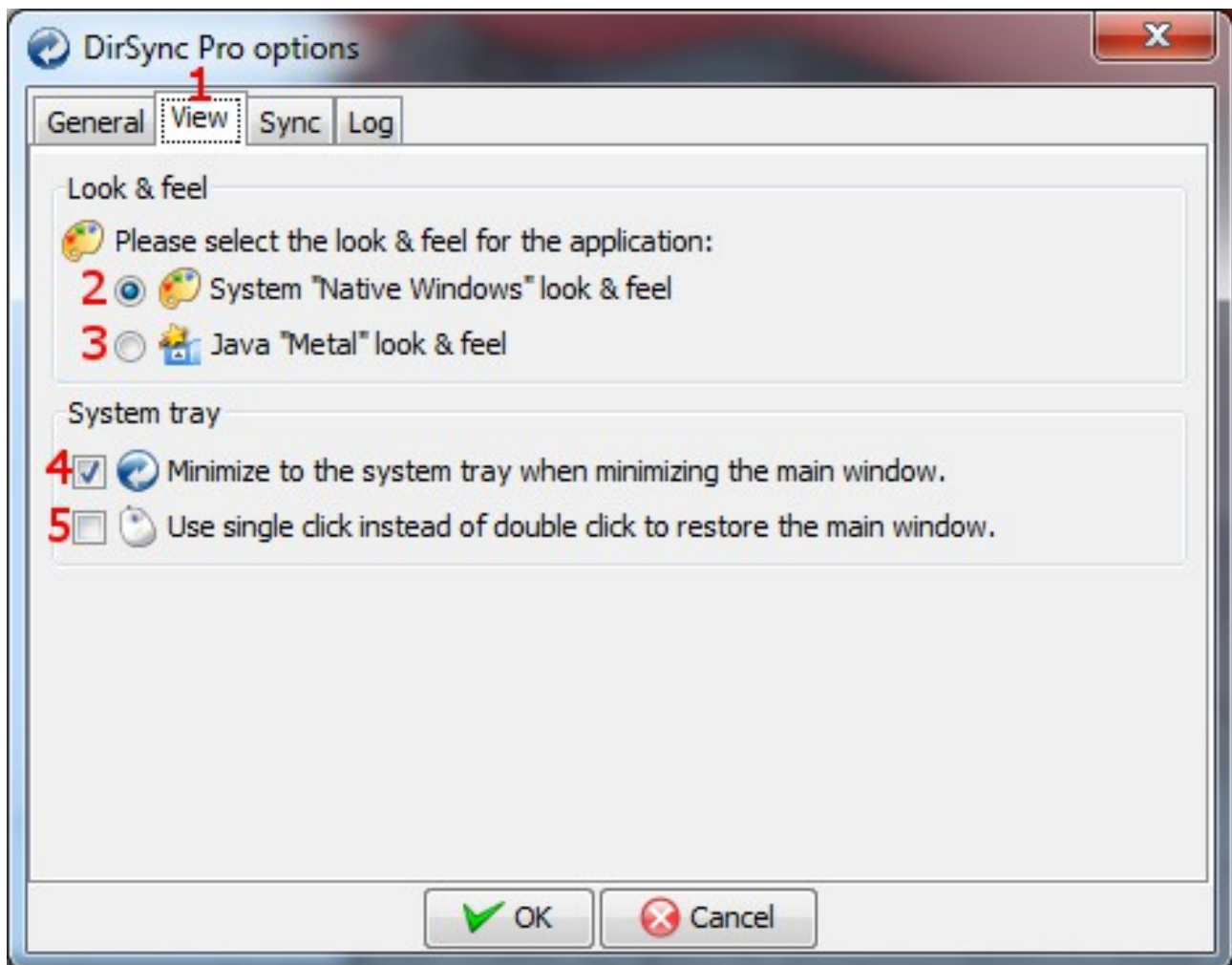
5. If the **Load last loaded jobset** is set, DirSync Pro will load the jobset that was loaded in the last session automatically upon start.
6. **Check for DirSync Pro program updates** every time at start-up. If an update is available following window will show up and lets you go to the download page to download the latest version.
7. **Check for DirSync Pro program updates Now**. If an update is available following window will show up and lets you go to the download page to download the latest version.
8. **OK** with the changes and exit options window.
9. **Cancel** the changes and exit options window.

3.5.1.1 Update window



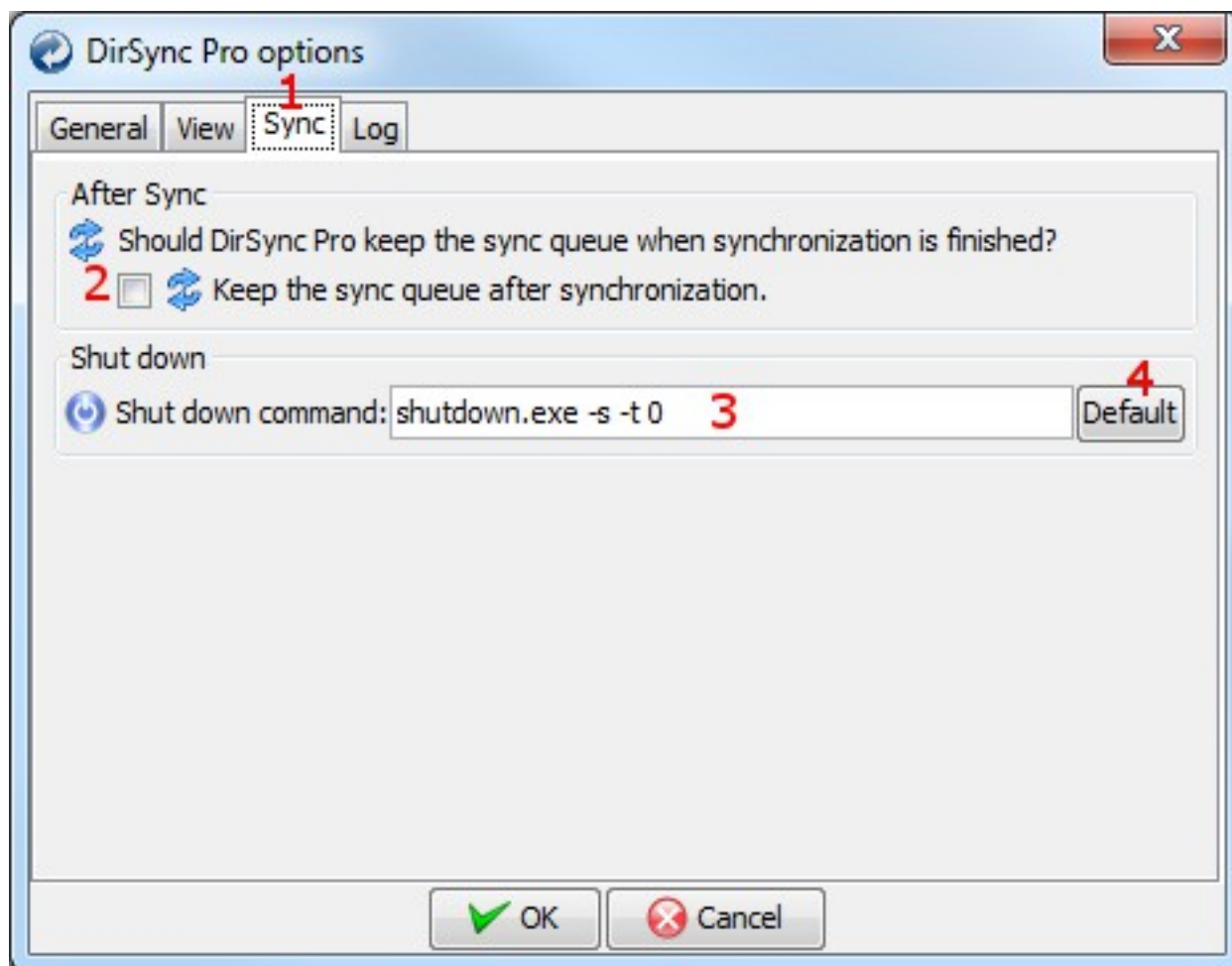
1. **Information** about the available update (version, links, ...)
2. **Go to download page** starts the default internet browser and opens the DirSync Pro update website.
3. **Not Now** will close this window without further actions.

3.5.2 View options

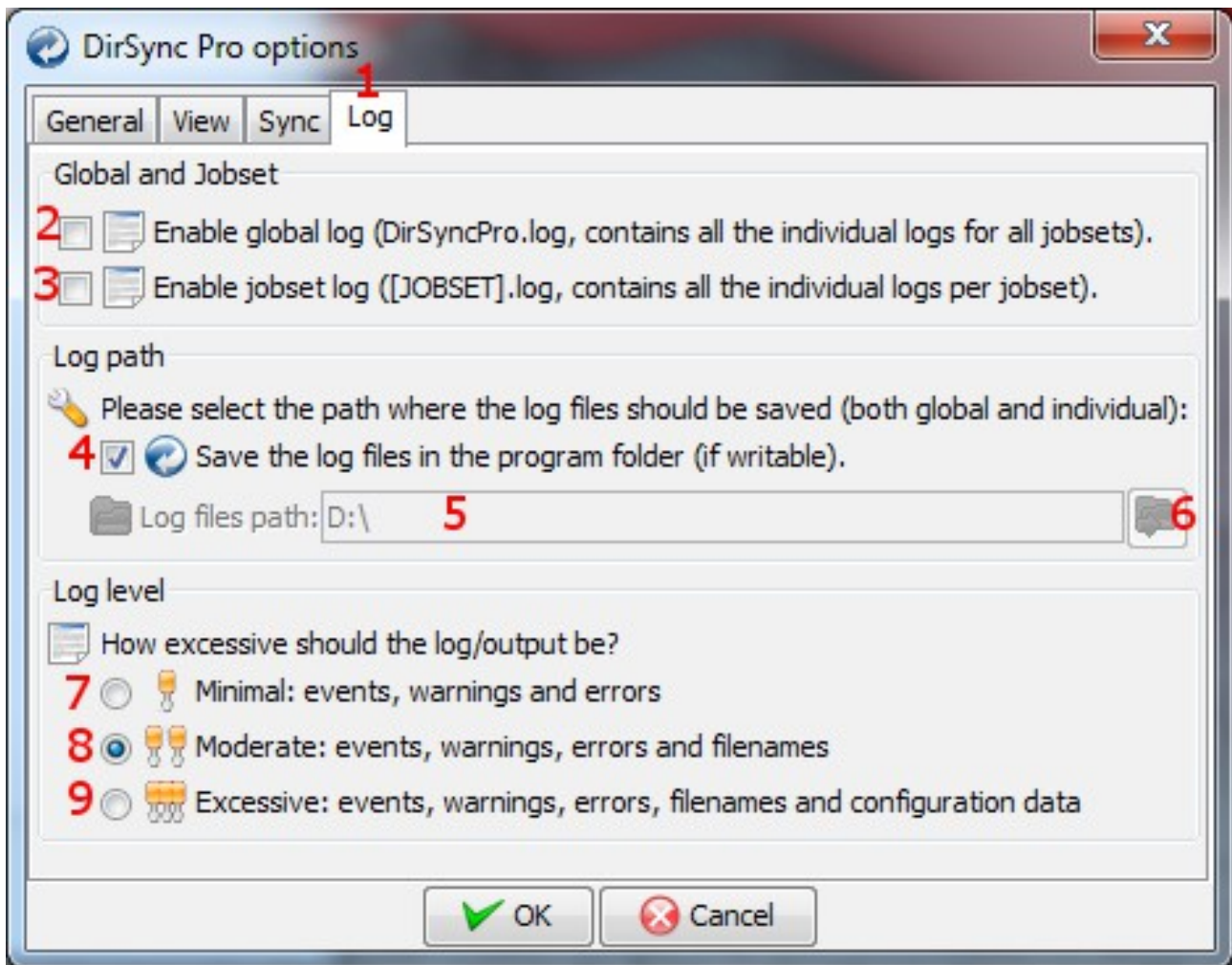


1. The **View** tab to define application view options.
2. Use **System "Native Windows" look & feel**: If you are using MS Windows or MacOS, you can select to use your own native windows look & feel.
3. Use **Java "Metal" look & feel**.
4. If the **Minimize to the system tray** option is set, DirSync Pro will minimize to the system tray when you minimize the application window. DirSync Pro is then still running, but the application window is not visible anymore.
5. The option **Use single click instead of double click** defines whether the main application window should be restored by a single click or a double one on the DirSync Pro system tray icon.

3.5.3 Synchronization options



1. The **Sync** tab to define application synchronization options.
2. If **Keep the sync queue after synchronization** is set, DirSync Pro will not clear the synchronization queue when the synchronization is carried out. This option could be helpful if you get warnings on some items during the synchronization and you want to resynchronize those items. If you synchronize the remaining queue again, only the items which have not been synchronized will be retried.
3. You may change here the **Shut-down command** which is being used to turn of the system when all the synchronization jobs are carried out.
4. **Default** button sets the command back to the default value. The default shut-down command is depending on which operating system you use (MS Windows/DOS or Posix).



3.5.4 Log options

1. Use the **Log** tab to define logging settings.
2. **Enable/disable** global logging. If enabled, DirSync Pro writes all the individual messages of all jobsets to a global log file (`DirSyncPro.log`).
3. **Enable/disable** jobset logging. If enabled, DirSync Pro writes all the individual messages of all jobs belonging to a jobset to the jobset log file (`[JOBSET].log` or custom name if defined in the job settings).
4. Whether the log files (global log or individual logs) are **saved in the program folder**. In some cases it is useful to define another log path for example if you do not have write permissions in the program folder.
5. The **path** to the directory in which the log files should be saved. Please see the chapter 'Advanced features' for explanation on default values for this option.
6. **Browse** for the log file path.
7. Use **Minimal** log level: only events, warnings and errors are logged.
8. Use **Moderate** log level: events, warnings, errors and file names are logged.
9. Use **Excessive** log level: events, warnings, errors, file names and

configuration data are logged.

3.6 **Command Line**

You can use the GUI to generate the command line or even save it to a batch file. The syntax of the command line is:

```
Usage: 'dirsyncpro [-help] [-usage] [-sync ][-analyze] [-schedule]
[-quit] [-nogui] <jobset file>'
```

- help Display help on homepage, contact, and license.
- usage Displays this screen.
- sync Starts a synchronization if a configuration file is specified.
- analyze Starts a analysis rather than a synchronization if a configuration file is specified.
- schedule Starts the schedule engine as soon as the the GUI is started.
- iconify Minimizes the Gui to the tray (if available) on start-up.
- quit Quits the program after the analyze or the synchronization.
- nogui Start DirSync Pro in console mode and start synchronization (only useful if a configuration file is being specified).

Command line options start with a slash "/" on Windows and with a minus "-" on all other operating systems.

Examples:

Start in GUI mode:

```
dirsyncpro
```

Start synchronization in GUI mode and quit afterwards:

```
dirsyncpro -sync -quit <jobset file>
```

On Windows:

```
dirsyncpro /sync /quit <jobset file>
```

Start synchronization in command line mode:

```
dirsyncpro -nogui <jobset file>
```

On Windows:

```
dirsyncpro /nogui <jobset file>
```

3.7 **Advanced features**

3.7.1 **Default directory for program settings**

DirSync Pro saves its settings (dirsyncpro.properties) in the program folder

by default. If the program folder is not writable, DirSync Pro uses either the value of the `dirsyncpro.home` system property, if defined, or `XXX/.DirSyncPro` in which `XXX` stands for the `user.home` system property. You may define the `dirsyncpro.home` system property when running DirSync Pro. To do so you should use something like:

```
java -Xmx512M -Ddirsyncpro.home="D:\\\\" -jar dirsyncpro.jar
```

Characters like `'\'` must be escaped.

3.7.2 Default directory for saving logs

DirSync Pro saves the logs (if enabled) by default in the folder where the program settings are saved (see **Default directory for program settings**). You can change this default directory by defining a new default directory through the options window in the GUI.

3.7.3 Default directory for saving configurations

When you want to open a configuration or when you are about to save one, the file choosing dialog starts in the directory where the program settings are saved (see **Default directory for program settings**). You can change this default directory by defining a new default directory through the options window in the GUI.

3.7.4 Log behavior

DirSync Pro lets you create a log file for the synchronization (configuration) and for each individual Directory Profile. The log file for the synchronization is by default enabled. You may disable this log file in the Default Settings tab, if you wish. The log file name is initially set to the Synchronization name (this is the file name of your configuration). You may change the log file name or path in the same tab.

If a Directory Profile is set to default settings, it'll log into the Synchronization log, if the log is enabled. If it is not set to default, its log file is disabled initially. You may enable the log in the Directory Settings tab. The log file name is initially set to the Directory Profile name. You may change the log file name or path in the same tab.

3.7.5 Schedule a synchronization

DirSync Pro has a powerful synchronization engine with lots of scheduling features. But if, for whatever reason, these features aren't enough for your purpose, you may use existing scheduling tools in your operating system (like `cron` in Linux and `Windows Task Scheduler` in Microsoft Windows) to setup scheduled tasks to run a synchronization with DirSync Pro. This is how you can do it:

1. Use DirSync Pro user interface to setup your synchronization.
2. Save your configuration file.
3. Use the command line generator tool to create your command line with `/quit` and `/sync` en eventually `/nogui` options. Save this command line to a batch file.
4. Use your system scheduler to run the created batch file as you like.

3.7.6 Auto start in MS Windows

You may want DirSync Pro to start automatically when you plug a USB drive under MS Windows. To do so, create a file called `autorun.inf` with the following content:

```
[AutoRun]
ACTION=Backup
Open=java -jar dirsincpro\dirsincpro.jar JobsetFile.dsc
```

And in case you want it to quit right away after the synchronization:

```
[AutoRun]
ACTION=Backup
Open=java -jar dirsincpro\dirsincpro.jar JobsetFile.dsc /sync
/quit
```

In which the `JobsetFile.dsc` is your corresponding preconfigured and saved jobset file. Please note that you may need to adjust the command in front of `Open=` to suit the paths in your system. You should use the command line generator tool (under Tools menu) to create the right command for you.

3.7.7 Allocating more memory for DirSync Pro

If you run DirSync Pro through the command line, you may need to allocate more memory for example when synchronizing massive number of files. If you want to allocate more memory to DirSyncPro, use the following command to run DirSync Pro with 512MB (adjust to own will):

```
java -Xmx512M -jar dirsincpro.jar
```

You may choose a larger amount if you need to.

If you start DirSync Pro through the wrapper `DirSyncPro.exe` under MS Windows, the wrapper `DirSyncPro.exe` itself already uses 512MB memory.

4 Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

Please visit www.dirsyncpro.org/faq.html for a recent list of FAQ.

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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